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Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek Watershed District Permit Application Review

Permit No: 2021-063

Considered at Board of Managers Meeting: April 6, 2022

Received complete: October 25, 2021 (RPBCWD extended the application-review period by 60 days on

December 14, 2021 and the RPBCWD approved the applicant's request for a second

extension until April 23, 2022)

Applicant: Kraus-Anderson Realty Company

Consultant: ISG Inc., Jerremy Foss P.E.

Project: Reserve at Autumn Woods – The applicant proposes the construction of a new single-

family residential subdivision project, underground utilities, associated roadways, landscaping, and stormwater management facilities. Stormwater management facilities include surface water detention basins, infiltration basins, and a vegetated swale to

provide volume control, water quality, and rate control.

Location: Southwest Corner of Autumn Woods Drive and Audubon Road, Chaska, MN

Reviewer: Dallen Webster E.I.T. and Scott Sobiech P.E., Barr Engineering

| Reviewer. Dallett Webster E.I.T. and Scott Soblecti P.E., Barr Engineering |
|--|
| Potential Board Variance Action |
| Manager moved and Manager seconded adoption of the following resolution based on the permit report that follows, the presentation of the matter at the April 6, 2022, meeting of the managers and the managers' findings, as well as the factual findings in the permit report that follows: |
| Resolved that the variance request for Permit 2021-063 from compliance with Rule B, subsection 3.2b is approved, based on the facts and analysis provided by the RPBCWD engineer below and placed in the record at the April 6, 2022 meeting of the managers, and the managers' findings in the record of the April 6 meeting, and subject to the following conditions: 1. [CONDITION(S)], |
| Potential Board Exception Action |
| Manager moved and Manager seconded adoption of the following resolution based on the permit report that follows, the presentation of the matter at the April 6, 2022, meeting of the managers and the managers' findings, as well as the factual findings in the permit report that follows: |
| Resolved that the exception request from compliance with Rule G, subsection 3.2, for Permit 2021 063 is approved based on the facts and analysis provided by the RPBCWD engineer below and placed in the record at the April 6, 2022 meeting of the managers, and the managers' findings in the record of the April 6 meeting, and subject to the following conditions: 1. [CONDITION(S)], |

| Proposed Board Action |
|---|
| Manager moved and Manager seconded adoption of the following resolutions based on the permit report that follows and the presentation of the matter at the April 6, 2022 meeting of the managers: |
| Resolved that the application for Permit 2021-063 is approved, subject to the conditions and stipulations set forth in the Recommendations section of the attached report. |
| Resolved that on determination by the RPBCWD administrator that the conditions of approval have been affirmatively resolved, the RPBCWD president or administrator is authorized and directed to sign and deliver Permit 2021-063 to the applicant on behalf of RPBCWD. |
| Upon roll call vote, the resolutions were adopted, |

Applicable Rule Conformance Summary

| Rule | ls: | sue | Conforms to RPBCWD Rules? | Comments |
|------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| В | Floodplain Mana Drainage Altera | tions | No | See Rule K Variance discussion for compensatory storage not being provided within the floodplain of the same waterbody. |
| С | Erosion Control | Plan | See Comment | See rule-specific permit condition C1 related to name of individual responsible for on-site erosion control. |
| D | Wetland and Creek Buffers | | See Comment | See rule-specific permit condition D1 related to recordation of buffer maintenance declaration. |
| G | Waterbody Crossings and Structures | | No | See Rule K Exception discussion for the construction of a waterbody crossing in contact with the bed and bank of drainageway leaving Wetland D and rule-specific permit condition G1 related to recordation of a waterbody crossing maintenance declaration. |
| J | Stormwater | Rate | Yes | |
| | Management | Volume | Yes | |
| | | Water Quality | Yes | |
| | | Low Floor Elev. | Yes | |
| | | Maintenance | See Comment | See rule-specific permit condition J1 related to recordation of stormwater facility maintenance declaration. |
| | | Chloride Management | See Comment | See stipulation #5 related to providing a chloride management plan prior to project close-out. |
| | | Wetland Protection | Yes | |

| Rule | Issue | Conforms to RPBCWD Rules? | Comments |
|------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| К | Variance Request | See Comment | See exception discussion for the construction of a waterbody crossing in contact with the bed and bank of drainageway leaving Wetland D and variance discussion for compensatory storage not being provided within the floodplain of the same waterbody. |
| L | Permit Fee Deposit | See Comment | \$3,000 received July 27, 2021. The applicant must replenish the permit fee deposit to the original amount due before the permit will be issued and provide the addition \$2,000 fee deposit for the variance request. |
| M | Financial Assurances | See Comment | The financial assurance is calculated at \$876,352. |

Background

The applicant proposes construction of an 86-lot single-family residential development on approximately 45 acres southeast of Hazeltine Lake. The project site is located between the intersections of Audubon Road and Autumn Woods Drive and Audubon Road and Butternut Drive at 9430 Audubon Road in Chaska, Minnesota. The existing site is currently a homestead with most of the area farmed. There are 5 wetlands onsite, three of which will be filled and replaced under a Wetland Conservation Act replacement plan approved by the city of Chaska, acting as the local governmental unit administering WCA. A large wetland at the north end of the site will be preserved and receives a majority of stormwater runoff from the northern portion of the site. Wetland D, a farmed wetland at the south end of the site, receives stormwater runoff from the southern portion of the site. Flows leaving this wetland are conveyed to a chain of stormwater ponds by a natural channel. The applicant is proposing a waterbody crossing on the natural channel from Wetland D to restore the wetland hydrology and off-set some of the lost wetland functions and values on-site due to filling of three other wetlands. The site will be mass graded prior to construction of public improvements for urban development, including utilities, streets, storm sewer and five stormwater best management practices. Proposed stormwater management facilities include stormwater detention basins, infiltration basins, and a vegetated swale to provide volume control, water quality, and rate control.

The following water resources are within the project site or downgradient of the proposed activities. The following table provides a brief explanation of how each resource is implicated by the project.

Water resources implicated by project

| Water Resource | Potential resource impacts |
|--|---|
| Wetland A | Wetland is preserved; downgradient from proposed land-disturbing activities |
| Wetland B | A farmed wetland that will be filled during construction and the floodplain will be filled |
| Wetland C | A farmed wetland that will be filled during construction and the floodplain will be filled |
| Wetland D | A farmed wetland will be expanded and restored during construction and is downgradient from proposed land-disturbing activities |
| Wetland E | A farmed wetland that will be filled during construction and the floodplain will be filled |
| Watercourse connecting Wetland E to D | An eroded, non-public watercourse conveying flows from Wetland E to Wetland D that will be filled |
| Southern Watercourse | A waterbody crossing is proposed to aid in the restoration of Wetland D. |

The project site information is summarized below:

| Project Site Information | Area (acres) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Total Site Area | 45.43 |
| Existing Site Impervious | 0.61 |
| Disturbed Existing Impervious Area | 0.61 (100% disturbance) |
| Proposed Site Impervious Area | 12.08 |
| Change in Impervious Area | 11.47 (>100% increase) |
| Regulated Impervious Area | 12.08 |
| Total Disturbed Area | 36.79 |

The following materials were reviewed in support of the permit request:

- 1. Permit Application received July 22, 2021 (Notified applicant on August 9, 2021 that submittal was incomplete); materials submitted to complete the application October 25, 2021.
- 2. Stormwater Management Report dated July 2, 2021 (revised October 1, 2021; October 22, 2021; January 3, 2022; February 4, 2022; and March 17, 2022)
- 3. Project Plan Set (39 sheets) dated July 6, 2021 (revised with 47 sheets October 1, 2021; 47 sheets October 25, 2021; 77 sheets January 4, 2022; 77 sheets on February 10, 2022; and 77 sheets on March 17, 2022)
- 4. Electronic HydroCAD models received on October 1, 2021 (revised October 25, 2021; January 4, 2022; and February 10, 2022)

- 5. Electronic p8 models received on October 1, 2021 (revised October 25, 2021 and February 10, 2022)
- 6. Electronic MIDS models received on October 25, 2021 (revised February 10, 2022)
- 7. Soil Boring Log by Braun Intertec Corporation dated May 21, 2021
- 8. Double Ring Infiltrometer Testing Results by Braun Intertec Corporation dated June 30, 2021
- 9. Wetland Delineation Report by ISG Inc dated June 23, 2021
- 10. Liberty On Bluff Creek Storm Sewer Record Drawing received October 1, 2021
- 11. Engineer's Opinion of Probable Construction Costs dated October 22, 2021 (revised March 17, 2022)
- 12. Draft Maintenance Agreement received on October 25, 2021
- 13. MnRAM Site Response Report for Wetland A received on October 25, 2021
- 14. MnRAM Site Response Report for Wetland B received on October 25, 2021
- 15. MnRAM Site Response Report for Wetland C received on October 25, 2021
- 16. MnRAM Site Response Report for Wetland D received on October 25, 2021
- 17. MnRAM Site Response Report for Wetland E received on October 25, 2021
- 18. Wetland Delineation Overview Map received on October 25, 2021
- 19. Draft Minnesota Wetland Conservation Act Application received October 25, 2021 (revised February 10, 2022)
- 20. Minnesota Wetland Conservation Act Notice of Decision dated March 7, 2022
- 21. Variance Request Letter dated October 26, 2021 (revised January 3, 2022)
- 22. Wetland storage computations received October 29, 2021
- 23. Section 6 of City of Chaska's Surface Water Management Plan received February 10, 2022
- 24. Wetland Replacement Plan Memo by Stantec dated December 1, 2021
- 25. Applicant's response to RPBCWD August 9, 2021 comments received October 1, 2021
- 26. Applicant's response to RPBCWD October 8, 2021 comments received October 25, 2021
- 27. Applicant's response to RPBCWD November 8, 2021 comments received January 4, 2022
- 28. Applicant's response to RPBCWD January 17, 2022 comments received February 10, 2022
- 29. Applicant's response to RPBCWD March 2, 2022 comments received March 18, 2022

Rule B: Floodplain management and drainage alteration

Because the proposed redevelopment project involves the placement of a total of 1.13 acre-feet of fill below the 100-year flood elevation of Wetlands B, C, D, and E and existing southern watercourse, the project activities must conform to the RPBCWD's Floodplain Management and Drainage Alterations rule (Rule B). No fill or land-disturbing activities are proposed in floodplain of Wetland A.

The proposed new structures must conform with low floor elevation requirements set forth by Rule B, Subsection 3.1 which references the low floor criteria in Rule J, subsection 3.6. All new buildings must be constructed such that the lowest floor is at least two feet above the 100-year high-water elevation or

one foot above the natural overflow of a waterbody according to Rule J, Subsection 3.6a. In addition, each of the planned stormwater-management facilities must be constructed at an elevation that ensures that no adjacent habitable building will be brought into noncompliance with this requirement according to Rule J, Subsection 3.6b. Low floor requirements were evaluated for 36 proposed structures adjacent to the 100-year floodplain extents. The results demonstrate the provided freeboard is greater than the minimum required.

| Structure (Block – Lot) | Low Floor Elevation of Building (ft) | Waterbody | 100-year Event Flood Elevation of Waterbody (ft) | Freeboard to 100- year Event (ft) |
|----------------------------|--|-----------|--|--------------------------------------|
| 3 - 13 | 937.4 | Wetland D | 932.53 | 4.87 |
| 3 - 14 | 937.4 | Wetland D | 932.53 | 4.87 |
| 3 - 15 | 937.4 | Wetland D | 932.53 | 4.87 |
| 3 - 16 | 937.4 | Wetland D | 932.53 | 4.87 |
| 3 - 17 | 937.05 | Wetland D | 932.53 | 4.52 |
| 3 - 18 | 937.05 | Wetland D | 932.53 | 4.52 |
| 3 - 19 | 937.3 | Wetland D | 932.53 | 4.77 |
| 3 - 20 | 937.3 | Basin C | 933.49 | 3.81 |
| 3 - 21 | 936.3 | Basin C | 933.49 | 2.81 |
| 3 - 22 | 936.3 | Basin C | 933.49 | 2.81 |
| 3 - 23 | 936.05 | Basin C | 933.49 | 2.56 |
| 3 - 24 | 937.05 | Basin C | 933.49 | 3.56 |
| 3 - 25 | 935.8 | Basin C | 933.49 | 2.31 |
| 4 - 1 | 946.05 | Basin F | 939.96 | 6.09 |
| 4 - 2 | 945.55 | Basin F | 939.96 | 5.59 |
| 4 - 3 | 946.05 | Basin F | 939.96 | 6.09 |
| 4 - 4 | 946.8 | Basin F | 939.96 | 6.84 |
| 4 - 5 | 948.8 | Basin F | 939.96 | 8.84 |
| 4 - 6 | 950.05 | Basin F | 939.96 | 10.09 |
| 4 - 7 | 950.3 | Basin F | 939.96 | 10.34 |
| 4 - 8 | 949.45 | Basin F | 939.96 | 9.49 |
| 4 - 9 | 946.8 | Basin F | 939.96 | 6.84 |
| 4 - 10 | 943.8 | Basin F | 939.96 | 3.84 |
| 4 - 15 | 942.3 | Basin F | 939.96 | 2.34 |
| 4 - 16 | 942.3 | Basin F | 939.96 | 2.34 |
| 4 - 17 | 942.3 | Basin F | 939.96 | 2.34 |
| 4 - 18 | 943.8 | Basin F | 939.96 | 3.84 |
| 4 - 19 | 947.3 | Basin F | 939.96 | 7.34 |
| 4 - 20 | 947.3 | Basin F | 939.96 | 7.34 |
| 5 - 14 | 945.3 | Basin E | 941.49 | 3.81 |
| 5 - 15 | 945.3 | Basin E | 941.49 | 3.81 |
| 5 - 16 | 946.8 | Basin E | 941.49 | 5.31 |

| Structure (Block – Lot) | Low Floor Elevation of Building (ft) | Waterbody | 100-year Event Flood Elevation of Waterbody (ft) | Freeboard to 100- year Event (ft) |
|----------------------------|--|-----------|--|--------------------------------------|
| 5 - 17 | 949.95 | Basin E | 941.49 | 8.46 |
| 5 - 18 | 950.55 | Basin E | 941.49 | 9.06 |
| 5 - 19 | 949.55 | Basin E | 941.49 | 8.06 |
| 5 - 20 | 946.8 | Basin E | 941.49 | 5.31 |

Because the low floor elevation of the nearest structures to Basin B, Basin F, and Basin E are below the 100-year high-water elevation, an alternative low floor analysis was conducted as outlined in Rule J, Appendix J.1 – Low-Floor Elevation Assessment. Groundwater was not discovered in the three borings in the vicinity of structures near Basin B, Basin F, and Basin E, thus the groundwater elevations were presumed to be at the elevation of the bottom of each individual soil boring nearest each structure. The engineer concurs with the applicant's seasonal groundwater adjustment determined by increasing the presumed water table elevation by 25% of the total annual rainfall for the area.

The results of the low floor analysis using *Appendix J1 Plot 1: Minimum Depth to Water Table for No Further Evaluation* is summarized in the following table. Low floor requirements were also evaluated for three existing habitable structures beyond the southern parcel boundary of the site on Butternut Drive. The results demonstrate the provided separation is greater than the minimum required, thus meeting the habitable structure requirements in Rule J, Subsection 3.6.

| Structure (Block – Lot) | Low Floor Elevation of Building (ft) | Waterbody | 100-year Event Flood Elevation of Waterbody (ft) | Freeboard to 100- year Event (ft) | Distance from Building to Adjacent Facility (ft) | Water Table Elevation ¹ (ft) | Minimum Permissible Depth to Water Table ² (ft) | Provided Depth from Low Floor Elevation to Water Table (ft) |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| 1 - Ex 1 | 925.25 | Basin B | 932.78 | -7.53 | 95 | 920.5 | 2.5 | 4.8 |
| 1 - Ex 2 | 923.63 | Basin B | 932.78 | -9.15 | 95 | 920.5 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| 1 - Ex 3 | 924.2 | Basin B | 932.78 | -8.58 | 95 | 920.5 | 2.5 | 3.7 |
| 2 - 8 | 928.9 | Basin B | 932.78 | -3.88 | 32 | 920.5 | 8.0 | 8.4 |
| 4 - 11 | 941.3 | Basin F | 939.96 | 1.34 | 81 | 933.8 | 3.0 | 7.5 |
| 5 - 1 | 938.9 | Basin E | 941.49 | -2.59 | 108 | 929.5 | 2.5 | 9.4 |
| 5 - 2 | 937.65 | Basin E | 941.49 | -3.84 | 68 | 929.5 | 5.0 | 8.2 |
| 5 - 3 | 937.8 | Basin E | 941.49 | -3.69 | 63 | 929.5 | 5.5 | 8.3 |
| 5 - 4 | 938.05 | Basin E | 941.49 | -3.44 | 69 | 926.7 | 5.0 | 11.4 |
| 5 - 5 | 937.3 | Basin E | 941.49 | -4.19 | 71 | 926.7 | 5.0 | 10.6 |
| 5 - 6 | 937.8 | Basin E | 941.49 | -3.69 | 76 | 926.7 | 4.5 | 11.1 |
| 5 - 7 | 939.04 | Basin E | 941.49 | -2.45 | 88 | 926.7 | 3.5 | 12.3 |
| 5 - 8 | 940.28 | Basin E | 941.49 | -1.21 | 88 | 933.6 | 3.5 | 6.7 |
| 5 - 9 | 941.09 | Basin E | 941.49 | -0.4 | 86 | 930.9 | 3.5 | 10.2 |

| Structure (Block – Lot) | Low Floor Elevation of Building (ft) | Waterbody | 100-year Event Flood Elevation of Waterbody (ft) | Freeboard to 100- year Event (ft) | Distance from Building to Adjacent Facility (ft) | Water Table Elevation ¹ (ft) | Minimum Permissible Depth to Water Table ² (ft) | Provided Depth from Low Floor Elevation to Water Table (ft) |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| 5 - 10 | 942.05 | Basin E | 941.49 | 0.56 | 65 | 930.9 | 5.0 | 11.2 |
| 5 - 11 | 942.05 | Basin E | 941.49 | 0.56 | 65 | 930.9 | 5.0 | 11.2 |
| 5 - 12 | 941.55 | Basin E | 941.49 | 0.06 | 65 | 930.9 | 5.0 | 10.7 |
| 5 - 13 | 941.8 | Basin E | 941.49 | 0.31 | 64 | 930.9 | 5.0 | 10.9 |
| 5 - 21 | 941.05 | Basin E | 941.49 | -0.44 | 250 | 929.5 | 0.0 | 11.6 |

¹Includes seasonal groundwater adjustment (1.3 feet)

Placement of fill below the 100-year flood elevation is prohibited unless fully compensatory flood storage at or below the same elevation and within the floodplain of the same water basin is provided (Rule B, Subsection 3.2). Compensatory storage values are summarized in the following table. The supporting materials demonstrate, and the RPBCWD Engineer concurs, that 1.13 acre-feet of fill will be placed to facilitate site grading, and 5.11 acre-feet of excavation to create the compensatory storage below the 100-year floodplain, thus providing a net increase in floodplain storage. Because the compensatory storage will not be provided within the floodplain of the same waterbody, the applicant has requested a variance from this requirement of Rule B, Subsection 3.2b. See the Rule K discussion for additional information on the variance request.

| Wetland Name | Proposed Fill below Existing 100-Year HWL (ac-ft) | Proposed Feature Providing Compensatory Storage | Provided Compensatory Storage (ac-ft) |
|--|---|---|---|
| В | 0.82 | Basin E | 4.77 |
| С | 0.01 | ST-48 | 0.02 |
| D | 0.10 | Wetland D | 0.25 |
| Watercourse connecting Wetland E to Wetland D | 0.12 | | |
| E | 0.08 | Swale from FES-39A | 0.07 |

Because filling of wetlands onsite to facilitate site development and providing alternative storage areas will alter the timing and duration of flows leaving the site, the applicant must demonstrate that the alterations are not reasonably likely have an adverse offsite impact and will not adversely affect flood risk, basin or channel stability, groundwater hydrology, stream baseflow, water quality, or aquatic or riparian habitat (Rule B subsection 3.3). The applicant provided pre- and post-project water quality modeling to demonstrate the project is not reasonably likely to have an adverse impact to water quality. The modeling results show the total suspended solids and total phosphorus load leaving the site after

²Based on Plot 1 of Rule J, Appendix J1

the development will be less than the existing load leaving the site. The water quality modeling also shows the proposed project will meet the water quality treatment criteria for areas tributary to the onsite wetlands (see Rule J Wetland Protection analysis).

In addition, consistent with the rate-control requirement in Rule J, the proposed peak discharge rates to Wetlands A and D, as well as discharge rate leaving the site, are less than existing for the 2, 10, and 100-year event. Because the flow rates are not increasing, the project is not likely to impact channel stability. The modeling provided by the applicant shows that the inundation periods for Wetland A during the 1, 2 and 10-year events are increased by between 6.0 to 6.4 hours while the 10-year bounce would be increase by 0.02 feet. The modeling provided by the applicant also shows that the inundation periods for Wetland D during the 1, 2 and 10-year events are increased by between 64.4 to 75.6 hours while the 10-year bounce would be 3.13 feet. Because these changes in inundation period and bounce align with guidance in the Board of Soils and Water Resources (BWSRs) Recommended Wetland Management Standards: Minnesota Routine Assessment Method for Evaluating Wetland Functions, Version 3.0, the RPBCWD engineer concurs that the change in hydrology will likely not adversely impact Wetland A or D. This also supports the engineer's determination that the project meets the requirements of Rule B, subsection 3.3.

| | | | Wetland D | | | Wetland A | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|-----------|--------|--|
| | | Existing | Proposed | Change | Existing | Proposed | Change | |
| 100-Year HWL (ft) | | 930.14 | 932.53 | 2.39 | 919.12 | 918.91 | -0.21 | |
| | 1-Year | 11.6 | 76.0 | 64.4 | 74.8 | 81.2 | 6.4 | |
| Inundation Period (hours) | 2-Year | 13.6 | 80.0 | 66.4 | 80.8 | 86.8 | 6.0 | |
| | 10-Year | 14.0 | 89.6 | 75.6 | 93.2 | 99.2 | 6.0 | |
| (1.0013) | 100-Year | 15.6 | 108.0 | 92.4 | 111.2 | 117.6 | 6.4 | |

Rule B, Subsection 3.4 does not allow placing, constructing or reconstructing structures or paved surfaces within 100 feet of the centerline of any watercourse. Because the impervious surface within 50 feet of the watercourse is associated with a waterbody crossing regulated under Rule G, the requirements set forth by Rule B, subsection 3.4 do not apply (see exception in subsection 3.4a). See Rule C analysis of the applicant's submitted erosion control plan to demonstrate conformance with Rule B, Subsection 3.5. A note on the plans indicates that activities must be conducted to minimize the potential transfer of aquatic invasive species conforming to Rule B, Subsection 3.6.

Rule C: Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control

Because the project will alter 36.79 acres of land-surface area, the project must conform to the requirements in the RPBCWD Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control rule (Rule C, Subsection 2.1).

The erosion and sediment control plans prepared by ISG Inc. includes installation of perimeter control, inlet protection for storm sewer catch basins, a rock construction entrance, protection of stormwater management facilities, placement of a minimum of 6 inches of topsoil (at 5% organic matter),

construction sequencing, decompaction of pervious areas compacted during construction, and retention of native topsoil onsite. To conform to RPBCWD Rule C requirements the following revisions are needed:

C1. The Applicant must provide the name and contact information of the individual responsible for erosion control at the site. RPBCWD must be notified if the responsible individual changes during the permit term.

Rule D: Wetland and Creek Buffers

Because the proposed work triggers RPBCWD Rules B, G, and J and there are wetlands downgradient from the work for the proposed project, as well as WCA wetlands that will be disturbed, Rule D, Subsection 2.1a requires the applicant to establish buffer areas. Because the watercourse on the property Because B, C and E will be eliminated by the project, subsection 3.1b requires buffer on the edges of only Wetland A downgradient from the land-disturbing activities. The City of Chaska is the LGU administering WCA requirements and has approved a replacement plan for the filling of Wetlands B, C, and E as well as disturbance in Wetland D. Because the proposed construction activities disturb Wetland D, wetland buffers must be provided around the entire (remaining) wetland on the parcel (Rule D, subsection 3.1a)

A Minnesota Wetland Conservation Act Notice of Decision for the wetland boundaries, dated June 23, 2021, was included with the submittal. The MnRAM analyses submitted indicate that Wetland D and Wetland A located onsite are low and medium value wetlands, respectively. Rule D, Subsection 3.2.b.ii requires wetland buffer with an average of 20 feet from the delineated edge of the wetland, minimum 10 feet for low value wetlands. Rule D, Subsection 3.2.b.iii requires wetland buffer with an average of 40 feet from the delineated edge of the wetland, minimum 20 feet for medium value wetlands. Because Wetland A is encompassed by steep slopes averaging 18 percent or great over a distance of 50 feet or more, the required buffer must extend to the top of the slope. The proposed buffer for Wetland A extends to the top of the steep slope. The buffer widths are summarized in the table below.

| Wetland ID | RPBCWD Wetland Value | Minimum | | • | Provided Area (ft²) | Provided Minimum Width (ft) | Provided Average Width (ft) |
|---------------|----------------------------|---------|----|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Wetland A | Medium | 20 | 40 | 84,616 ¹ | 84,616 | 40 | N/A ¹ |
| Wetland D | Low | 10 | 20 | 29,863 | 30,116 | 10 | 20.2 |

¹Buffer width cannot be averaged on steep slopes. The buffer area extends to the top of slopes that average steeper than 18% and results in a width greater than the required average, thus project conforms to Rule B, subsection 3.2b

The Landscaping Plan (sheets 26 and 27) indicates all disturbed areas within the buffer will be revegetated using a native seed mix and the existing vegetation will remain, thus conforming to Rule D, Subsection 3.3. The engineer's review of plan sheets shows that buffer markers will be installed consistent with Rule D, Subsection 3.4. A note is included on the plan sheet indicating the project will be constructed so as to minimize the potential transfer of aquatic invasive species (e.g., zebra mussels, Eurasian watermilfoil, etc.) to the maximum extent possible conforming to Rule D, Subsection 3.6.

To meet the maintenance requirements in RPBCWD Rule D, Subsection 3.3, the applicant must address the following condition:

D1. Buffer areas and maintenance requirements must be documented in a declaration recorded after review and approval by RPBCWD in accordance with Rule D, Subsection 3.5.

Rule G: Waterbody Crossings and Structures

Because the project proposes to construct a waterbody crossing in contact with the bed and bank of the natural drainageway leaving Wetland D, the proposed project must meet the criteria of RPBCWD's Waterbody Crossings and Structures Rule (Rule G, Subsection 2).

The applicant is proposing a waterbody crossing on the southern natural watercourse leaving Wetland D to restore the wetland hydrology and off-set some of the lost wetland functions and values on-site due to filling of three other wetlands, thus demonstrating a specific need as required by Rule G, subsection 3.1b.

Rule G, Subsection 3.2.a requires that the construction of a waterbody crossing in contact with the bed or bank of a waterbody retain adequate hydraulic capacity and assure no net increase in the flood stage of the pertinent waterbody. Stormwater modeling provided by the applicant indicates that the 100-year flood stage for Wetland D will increase as a result of alterations to the existing outlet structure. The applicant has requested an exception to subsection 3.2.a because the proposed waterbody crossing will increase 100-year flood elevation upstream of the crossing from 930.14 feet to 932.53 feet (i.e. an increase of 2.39 feet) to restore the hydrology to the partially drained wetland. See the Rule K discussion for additional information on the exception request.

Due to the existing conditions of the outlet channel not providing navigational capacity, the requirements set forth by Rule G, subsection 3.2.b do not impose a requirement on the project. Because the provided construction plans indicate the installation of a skimmer structure for controlling flow rates from Wetland D to minimize erosion and reduce the potential for scour resulting from peak flows, the engineer concurs that the project is reasonable likely to prevent degradation of water quality in accordance with Rule G, Subsection 3.2.c.

Because the proposed waterbody crossing constitutes a potential impact to wildlife passage along each bank and riparian area near the outlet to Wetland D, the applicant must demonstrate that wildlife passage will be provided (Rule G, subsection 3.2.d). The watercourse is intermittent and does not support a fishery. Revegetation plans provided by the applicant propose native vegetation for the riparian areas along the waterbody crossing to enhance ecological benefit and native plantings upland for stabilization of the berm. Because wildlife native to the area will be able to continue using the native vegetated corridor over the crossing, the engineer concurs that the proposed project is in compliance with subsection 3.2.d.

Rule G, Subsection 3.2.e requires that a constructed waterbody crossing represent the 'minimal impact' solution to a specific need with respect to other reasonable alternatives, based on analysis of at least

two reasonable alternatives. The applicant provided two waterbody crossing alternatives for Wetland D:

1) the proposed outlet control structure and berm and 2) a footbridge with sheet piling and an orifice.

The "do nothing" alternative was not a viable solution to restore the wetland hydrology and therefore dismissed from further consideration. The applicant maintains that the footbridge and sheet pile alternative present access and maintenance difficulties, thus the alternative not pursued.

The overall SWPPP plan sheet includes a note directing the contractor that no work affecting the bed or banks of a protected water shall occur between April 1 and June 15 (Rule G, Subsection 3.7a). Banks will be immediately stabilized after completion of permitted work and revegetated as soon as growing conditions allow (Rule G, Subsection 3.7b). A note is included on the plan sheet indicating the project will be constructed so as to minimize the potential transfer of aquatic invasive species (e.g., zebra mussels, Eurasian watermilfoil, etc.) to the maximum extent possible (Rule G, Subsection 3.7c and Rule F, subsection 3.3e).

Rule G, Subsection 3.7d requires compliance with the applicable criteria in section 3 of Rule F. The proposed riprap placement extends from the 10 feet for the waterbody crossing which it the minimum distance needed to provide a stilling pool and, thus representing the minimal encroachment to prevent erosion (Rule F, subsection 3.3a). Based on the applicant's plans, the project proposes the use stone riprap having an average size of 9 inches, with a geotextile and transition layer of granular bedding sized consistent with the erosion intensity at the outfall locations, thus conforming to Rule F, Subsections 3.3b.

To meet the maintenance requirements in RPBCWD Rule G, Subsection 5, the applicant must address the following condition:

G1. Waterbody crossing maintenance requirements must be documented in a declaration recorded after review and approval by RPBCWD in accordance with Rule G, Subsection 5.

Rule J: Stormwater Management

Because the project will alter 36.79 of land-surface area, the project must meet the criteria of RPBCWD's Stormwater Management rule (Rule J, Subsection 2.1). The criteria listed in Subsection 3.1 apply to the entire project site because the project will increase the imperviousness of the entire site by more than 100 percent (Rule J, Subsection 2.3).

Proposed stormwater management facilities include stormwater detention basins (aka wet pond), infiltration basins, wetland retention areas, and a vegetated swale to provide volume control, water quality, and rate control. The proposed vegetated swale, sump catch basin manholes, and grass filter strips will serve as pretreatment for runoff.

Rate Control

In order to meet the rate control criteria listed in Subsection 3.1.a, the 2-, 10-, and 100-year post development peak runoff rates must be equal to or less than the existing discharge rates at all locations where stormwater leaves the site. The Applicant used a HydroCAD hydrologic model to simulate runoff

rates for pre- and post-development conditions for the 2-, 10-, and 100-year frequency storm events using a nested rainfall distribution, and a 100-year frequency, 10-day snowmelt event. The existing and proposed 2-, 10-, and 100-year frequency discharges from the site are summarized in the table below. The proposed stormwater management plan will provide rate control in compliance with the RPBCWD requirements for the 2-, 10-, and 100-year events. Thus, the proposed project meets the rate control requirements in Rule J, Subsection 3.1a.

| Modeled Discharge Location | 2-Year Discharge (cfs) | | 10-Year Discharge (cfs) | | 100-Year Discharge (cfs) | | 10-Day Snowmelt (cfs) | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|
| • | Ex | Prop | Ex | Prop | Ex | Prop | Ex | Prop |
| From South Wetland D | 3.6 | 1.5 | 12.6 | 3.3 | 48.3 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 2.7 |
| To North Wetland A from Site | 3.6 | 0.9 | 9.5 | 1.8 | 24.2 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| To Chanhassen Storm Sewer | 1.0 | 0.8 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 8.8 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 |

Volume Abstraction

Subsection 3.1.b of Rule J requires the abstraction onsite of 1.1 inches of runoff from the new and disturbed impervious surface of the parcel. An abstraction volume of 48,264 cubic feet is required from the proposed 12.08 acres (35,542 square feet) of impervious area. The proposed wet pond, vegetated swale, sump catch basin manholes, and grass filter strips will serve as pretreatment for runoff into the three infiltration basins and wetlands (Rule J, Subsection 3.1.b.1). Soil borings performed by Braun Intertec on May 21, 2021 show that soils in the project area are primarily clayey sand and sandy lean clay. Braun Intertec conducted twelve double-ring infiltration tests on this site. Two infiltration tests were conducted at the proposed Basin B location on the southeastern end of the site, four tests at Basin E located in the center of the site, and two tests at Basin F located on the northeast portion of the site. The following table summarizes the infiltration testing results as well as the infiltration rate the applicant used for design of the stormwater management facilities. The engineer concurs with the applicant's design infiltration rates, which are lower than the measured rate to provide a factor of safety. The engineer concurs that the basins will draw down within 48 hours (Rule J, subsection 3.1b.3).

| Infiltration Test ID | Location | Measured Infiltration Rate (in/hr) | Design Infiltration Rate (in/hr) |
|----------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| DRI-1 (06/17/21) | Basin B | 0.3 | 0.15 |
| DRI-2 (06/17/21) | Basin B | 0.8 | 0.15 |
| DRI-8 (06/22/21) | Basin E | 2.4 | |
| DRI-9 (06/21/21) | Basin E | 0.8 | 0.35 |
| DRI-10 (06/21/21) | Basin E | 2.84 | 0.35 |
| DRI-11 (06/21/2021) | Basin E | 0.8 | |
| DRI-14 (06/18/21) | Basin F | 0.2 | 0.15 |
| DRI-15 (06/18/2021) | Basin F | 0.22 | 0.15 |

Groundwater was not observed at soil borings under the proposed infiltration and detention basins. The subsurface investigation information summarized in the following table shows that groundwater is at least 3 feet below the bottom of the proposed stormwater management facilities (Rule J, Subsection 3.1.b.2.a).

| Proposed BMP | Nearest Subsurface Investigation | Boring is within footprint? | Groundwater Elevation (feet) | BMP Bottom Elevation (feet) | Separation (feet) |
|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Basin B (Infiltration Basin) | ST-12 | Yes | No groundwater observed at boring bottom (approx. el 919.2) | 930.50 | 11.3 |
| Basin C (Detention Basin) | ST-9 | Yes | No groundwater observed at boring bottom (approx. el 917.2) | 926.0 | 8.8 |
| Basin E (Infiltration Basin) | ST-6 | No | No groundwater observed at boring bottom (approx. el 929.6) | 937.25 | 7.65 |
| Basin F (Infiltration Basin) | ST-5 | No | No groundwater observed at boring bottom (approx. el 932.5) | 936.50 | 4.0 |

While infiltration Basins B, E, and F are large enough to provide all the project's required abstraction volume, their location and site topography prevented roughly 5% of the project's impervious surfaces tributary to Wetland D, all of which is from rear roof drainage, from being routed to the infiltration basins. To provide abstraction of runoff from this rear roof drainage the applicant incorporated a better site design technique outlined in the MPCA MN Stormwater Manual by accounting for runoff directed into a vegetated swale or onto adjacent pervious areas where it can be infiltrated. Because the ability of the wetland buffer to perform as a better site design technique providing abstraction and water quality treatment is dependent on runoff being distributed across the pervious surface, the grading of Lots 15-20 must incorporate flow dispersion techniques or other measures to prevent channelized flow.

The table below summarizes the volume abstraction required and the volume abstraction achieved by the proposed stormwater management facilities on site. The proposed project is in conformance with Rule J, Subsection 3.3.a.

| Required Abstraction Depth (inches) | Required Abstraction Volume (cubic feet) | Provided Abstraction Depth (inches) | Provided Abstraction Volume (cubic feet) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1.1 | 48,236 | 1.11 | 48,883 |

Water Quality Management

Subsection 3.1.c of Rule J requires the Applicant provide volume abstraction in accordance with 3.1b or least 60 percent annual removal efficiency for total phosphorus (TP), and at least 90 percent annual removal efficiency for total suspended solids (TSS) from site runoff, and no net increase in TSS or TP loading leaving the site from existing conditions. Because the stormwater management facilities proposed by the applicant provide abstraction meeting 3.1b and the engineer concurs with the modeling, the engineer finds that the proposed project is in conformance with Rule J, Subsection 3.1.c.

Low floor Elevation

All new buildings must be constructed such that the lowest floor is at least two feet above the 100-year high water elevation or one foot above the emergency overflow of a stormwater-management facility according to Rule J, Subsection 3.6a. In addition, a stormwater-management facility must be constructed at an elevation that ensures that no adjacent habitable building will be brought into noncompliance with this requirement according to Rule J, Subsection 3.6b. The low floor elevation analysis presented above in the Rule B, Floodplain Management analysis section of this report demonstrates the proposed project is in conformance with Rule J, Subsection 3.6.

Maintenance

Subsection 3.7 of Rule J requires the submission of a maintenance plan. All stormwater management structures, facilities, and features must be designed for maintenance access and properly maintained in perpetuity to assure that they continue to function as designed. Because compliance with the RPBCWD stormwater-management requirements is dependent on wetland buffers area and vegetated swales remaining in a natural condition as well as flow dispersion across the buffer areas, these conditions and associated maintenance requirements must be documented in the maintenance declaration recorded after review and approval by RPBCWD.

J1. Permit applicant must provide a recorded maintenance and inspection declaration. A maintenance declaration template is available on the permits page of the RPBCWD website. (http://www.rpbcwd.org/permits/). The declaration must include the all stormwater management facilities as well as the buffers and vegetated swales. The maintenance plan must provide for predominantly native vegetation. A draft declaration must be provided for District review and approval, then recordation.

Wetland Protection

Because the proposed activities discharge to two wetlands on the site and alter the discharge the wetlands receive from the site, the project must conform to RPBCWD wetland protection criteria (Rule J, subsection 3.10). The applicant provided and the Engineer concurs with the below analysis of potential wetland impacts based on Table J1 of RPBCWD Rule J.

Wetland A has been assessed as medium value and Wetland D has been assessed as low value using the MNRAM analysis provided by the applicant. The following tables summarize the allowable change in bounce and inundation duration from Table J1 of RPBCWD Rule J as well as the applicant's analysis for

wetland protection and the potential impacts on the wetlands. The proposed project conforms to the wetland bounce and inundation requirements.

Summary of allowable impacts on onsite wetland from Rule J, Table J1

| Waterbody (Wetland Value) | Permitted Bounce for, 10-Year Event | Inundation Period for 1- and 2-Year Event | Inundation Period for 10-Year Event | Runout Control Elevation |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Wetland A (Medium) | Existing +/- 1.0 feet | Existing + 2 days | Existing + 14 days | 0 to 1.0 ft above existing runout |
| Wetland D (Low) | No Limit | Existing + 7 days | Existing + 21 days | 0 to 4.0 ft above existing runout |

Impacts of Project on Wetlands

| Wetland (Location) | RPBCWD Wetland Value | Change in Bounce for, 10-Year Event (feet) | 1-year change in Inundation Period (days) | 2-year change in Inundation Period (days) | 10-year change in Inundation Period (days) | Runout Control Elevation (feet) |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Wetland A (North) | Medium | +0.02 | +0.27 | +0.25 | +0.25 | No Change |
| Wetland D (South) | Low | +1.7 | +2.68 | +2.77 | +3.15 | +1.2 |

Rule J, Subsection 3.10b requires that any discharge to a low- to medium-value wetland be treated to the water quality treatment criteria in Rule J, subsection 3.1c. The applicant provided MIDs and P8 modeling as summarized in the table below demonstrating the runoff from the disturbed areas tributary to Wetland A and Wetland D will be treated in conformance with Rule J, Subsection 3.10b.

| Wetland | Wetland Value | TSS Removal | TP Removal |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| Required | | 90% | 60% |
| Wetland A | Medium | 92.1% | 82.2% |
| Wetland D | Low | 95.5% | 86.6% |

Chloride Management

Subsection 3.8 of Rule J requires the submission of chloride management plan that designates the individual authorized to implement the chloride management plan and the MPCA-certified salt applicator engaged in implementing the plan. The RPBCWD chloride-management plan requirement applies to the streets and common areas of the project site, but not the individual single-family homes. If the streets within the proposed residential development will be within public right of way that will be maintained by the city of Chaska, the City must provide its chloride management plan and its designated state-certified chloride applicator. To close out the permit and release the \$5,000 in financial assurance held for the purpose of chloride management, the permit applicant must provide a chloride management plan that designates the individual authorized to implement the chloride management plan and the MPCA-certified salt applicator engaged in implementing the plan at the site.

Rule K: Variances and Exceptions:

The Applicant has requested one variance from the RPBCWD floodplain rule requirements.

To approve a variance, Rule K requires the Board of Managers to find that because of unique conditions inherent to the subject property the application of rule provisions will impose a practical difficulty on the Applicant. Assessment of practical difficulty is conducted against the following criteria:

- 1. how substantial the variation is from the rule provision;
- 2. the effect of the variance on government services;
- 3. whether the variance will substantially change the character of or cause material adverse effect to water resources, flood levels, drainage or the general welfare in the District, or be a substantial detriment to neighboring properties;
- 4. whether the practical difficulty can be alleviated by a technically and economically feasible method other than a variance. Economic hardship alone may not serve as grounds for issuing a variance if any reasonable use of the property exists under the terms of the District rules;
- 5. how the practical difficulty occurred, including whether the landowner, the landowner's agent or representative, or a contractor, created the need for the variance; and
- 6. in light of all of the above factors, whether allowing the variance will serve the interests of justice. It is the applicant's obligation to address these criteria to support a variance request. The applicant's variance requests cite several facts related to the development in support of each request, taken from their January 3, 2022 submittal, are attached to this review. Following is the RPBCWD engineer's assessment of information received relevant to the applicant's variance and exception requests.

Variance Request

The local governmental unit (LGU) administering the Wetland Conservation Act (WCA), City of Chaska, approved a replacement plan for the filling of three wetlands on the project site. Rule B subsection 3.2 requires compensatory flood storage within the floodplain of the same waterbody. The Applicant requested a variance from this provision of RPBCWD's Rule B – Floodplain Management and Drainage Alterations.

The applicant asserts that the need for the variance results from the unique condition of the LGU's having approved complete elimination of the three wetlands (Wetland B, Wetland C, Wetland E). Following is the RPBCWD engineer's assessment of information received relevant to the applicant's request for a variance from the compensatory flood storage criteria within the floodplain of the same waterbody:

Regarding variance criteria 1 – The supporting materials demonstrate the proposed project will
involve an aggregate total of 1.13 acre-feet of fill placed and 5.11 acre-feet of compensatory
storage in aggregate will be created below the 100-year flood elevation, thus providing a net
increase in the floodplain storage. The Comparative Flood Storage table below summarize the
fill and compensatory flood storage volume by waterbody.

| Waterbody | Existing Flood Elevation | Proposed Flood Elevation | Existing Flood Storage Filled (acre-feet) | Compensatory Flood Storage (acre-feet) |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Wetland A | 919.12 | 918.91 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Wetland B | 944.60 | completely filled | 0.82 | 0.0 |
| Wetland C | 946.85 | completely filled | 0.01 | 0.0 |
| Wetland D | 930.14 | 932.53 | 0.10 | 0.25 |
| Wetland E | 0.69* | completely filled | 0.08 | 0.0 |
| Watercourse connecting Wetland E to D | 1.35* | completely filled | 0.12 | 0.0 |
| Basin B | N/A | 932.78 | N/A | 0.0 |
| Basin C | N/A | 933.49 | N/A | 0.0 |
| Basin E | N/A | 941.49 | N/A | 4.77 |
| ST_28 | N/A | 944.42 | N/A | 0.02 |
| Swale from FES-39A | N/A | 944.74 | N/A | 0.07 |
| Total | | | 1.13 | 5.11 |

^{*}Value represents the 100-year flow depth (feet) as a surrogate due to feature being a sloped wetland or watercourse.

- Regarding variance criteria 2 and 3 The rate control analysis, abstraction analysis, and water
 quality assessment submitted demonstrates compliance with Rule B, subsection 3.3, which
 requires no off-site adverse impacts. The Rule B discussion above illustrates that the proposed
 alternations will not have an adverse effect to offsite governmental services, water resources,
 flood levels, or neighboring properties. The proposed variance only impacts the applicant's
 property.
- Regarding variance criteria 4 Technical measures incorporated into the project plan to alleviate
 the practical difficulty include creation of compensatory flood storage volume in infiltration
 basins and a wet detention basin to comply with RPBCWD regulatory requirements, but not
 within the same floodplain to facilitate site development. Because the wetlands will no longer
 exist the compensatory storage cannot be provided within the floodplain of the same
 waterbody.
- Regarding variance criterion 5 The applicant has created the circumstances leading to the variances, though it did so with the approval of another relevant regulatory body, the LGU administering WCA. The applicant asserts that total avoidance of Wetlands, B, C, and E as well as the channel connecting wetland E to D would make the property less desirable to develop.
- Regarding variance criterion 6 A stormwater management system is proposed to mitigate
 potential impacts and improve upon the overall conditions onsite by promoting the reestablishment of wetland vegetation within existing Wetland D.

The engineer finds there is an adequate technical basis for the managers to rely on to grant the requested variance.

Exception Request

The applicant also requested an exception from the Rule G, Subsection 3.2.a requirement to retain adequate hydraulic capacity and assure no net increase in the flood stage of Wetland D. The Board of Managers may approve an exception from a provision of the rules requiring a particular treatment or management strategy, or setting forth a design specification, if an applicant demonstrates that better natural resource protection or enhancement can be achieved by the project as proposed, with such further conditions as the Board of Managers may impose, than would strict compliance with the provision. Rule G, Subsection 3.2.a requires that the construction of a waterbody crossing in contact with the bed or bank of a waterbody retain adequate hydraulic capacity and assure no net increase in the flood stage of the pertinent waterbody. Stormwater modeling provided by the applicant indicates that the 100-year flood stage for Wetland D will increase as a result of the applicant proposed restoration of the Wetland D hydrology. As such, the applicant has requested that RPBCWD grant an exception to subsection 3.2a, as the proposed project provides better natural resource protection and enchantment (Rule K, Section 2). The engineer finds that:

- The elevation of the proposed normal water level of Wetland D was determined by the City of Chaska to establish a normal water level in the wetland to promote the re-establishment of native vegetation. As such, the proposed outlet elevation and normal water level of Wetland D were raised from existing elevations, resulting in an increase in the 100-year flood elevation. While not compliant with Rule G, Subsection 3.2a, the increase in the normal water level will promote the re-establishment of native, wetland plant communities within Wetland D.
- The information submitted by the applicant includes a restoration, planting, and vegetation establishment plan for Wetland D (sheet 69) to ensure the restoration health of the wetland.
- The configuration of the proposed outlet structure for Wetland D was deemed necessary by the applicant to provide rate reduction to the standard of the City of Chaska, which requires a maximum discharge rate of less than 6 cubic feet per second (cfs) from Wetland D (0.2 cfs/acre). This discharge rate is significantly lower than the RPBCWD requirement to be less than the existing 100-year rate of 48 cfs. Because the proposed extended detention of stormwater in Wetland D helps reduce discharge velocities and associated erosive forces in the downstream watercourse, the proposed design provides better resource protection.
- The construction plans prepared by ISG Inc. include the installation of a skimmer structure for controlling flow rates from Wetland D to minimize disturbance and erosion of natural shoreline and bed resulting from peak flows.

Because the proposed waterbody crossing and outlet configuration for Wetland D provide for enhanced ecological conditions that restore an otherwise farmed wetland, the RPBCWD engineer finds that there is ample factual and analytical basis for a determination by the managers that an exception is warranted from compliance with Rule G, subsection 3.2a.

Rule L: Permit Fee Deposit:

The RPBCWD permit fee schedule adopted in February 2020 requires permit applicants to deposit \$3,000 to be held in escrow and applied to cover the \$10 permit-processing fee and reimburse RPBCWD for permit review and inspection-related costs and when a permit application is approved, the deposit

must be replenished to the applicable deposit amount by the applicant before the permit will be issued to cover actual costs incurred to monitor compliance with permit conditions and the RPBCWD Rules. A permit fee deposit of \$3,000 was received on July 27, 2021. The applicant must replenish the permit fee deposit to the original amount due before the permit will be issued. Subsequently, if the costs of review, administration, inspections and closeout-related or other regulatory activities exceed the fee deposit amount, the applicant will be required to replenish the deposit to the original amount or such lesser amount as the RPBCWD administrator deems sufficient within 30 days of receiving notice that such deposit is due. The administrator will close out the relevant application or permit and revoke prior approvals, if any, if the permit-fee deposit is not timely replenished.

- L1. The applicant must replenish the permit fee deposit to the original amount due before the permit will be issued.
- L2. Because the applicant requested a variance and an exception under Rule K, an additional permit fee deposit of \$2,000 is required.

Rule M: Financial Assurance:

| | Unit | Unit Cost | # of Units | Total |
|---|------|------------------|------------|-----------|
| Rules C: Silt fence: | LF | \$2.50 | 10,210 | \$25,525 |
| Inlet protection | EA | \$100 | 62 | \$6,200 |
| Rock Entrance | EA | \$250 | 1 | \$250 |
| Restoration | Ac | \$2,500 | 36.79 | \$91,975 |
| Rules J: Stormwater Management: | EA | 125% OPC | 1 | \$667,734 |
| Stormwater Management Facilities: 125% of | | | | |
| engineer's opinion of cost (\$534,187) | | | | |
| Chloride Management Plan | EA | \$5,000 | 1 | \$5,000 |
| Contingency (10%) | | 10% | | \$79,668 |
| Total Financial Assurance | | | | \$876,352 |

Applicable General Requirements:

- 1. The RPBCWD Administrator and Engineer shall be notified at least three days prior to commencement of work.
- Construction shall be consistent with the plans and specifications approved by the District as a part of the permitting process. The date of the approved plans and specifications is listed on the permit.
- 3. Construction must be consistent with the plans, specifications, and models that were submitted by the applicant that were the basis of permit approval. The date(s) of the approved plans, specifications, and modeling are listed on the permit. The grant of the permit does not in any way relieve the permittee, its engineer, or other professional consultants of responsibility for the permitted work.
- 4. The grant of the permit does not relieve the permittee of any responsibility to obtain approval of any other regulatory body with authority.

- 5. The issuance of this permit does not convey any rights to either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.
- 6. In all cases where the doing by the permittee of anything authorized by this permit involves the taking, using or damaging of any property, rights or interests of any other person or persons, or of any publicly owned lands or improvements or interests, the permittee, before proceeding therewith, must acquire all necessary property rights and interest.
- 7. RPBCWD's determination to issue this permit was made in reliance on the information provided by the applicant. Any substantive change in the work affecting the nature and extent of applicability of RPBCWD regulatory requirements or substantive changes in the methods or means of compliance with RPBCWD regulatory requirements must be the subject of an application for a permit modification to the RPBCWD.
- 8. If the conditions herein are met and the permit is issued by RPBCWD, the applicant, by accepting the permit, grants access to the site of the work at all reasonable times during and after construction to authorized representatives of the RPBCWD for inspection of the work.

Findings

- 1. The proposed project includes the information necessary, plan sheets, and erosion control plan for review.
- 2. The Applicant has requested a variance from compliance with the Rule B criteria related to providing compensatory storage within the same floodplain.
- 3. The proposed project will conform to Rules C, D, and J if the Rule Specific Permit Conditions listed above are met.
- 4. The project will conform to the requirement of Rule G should an exception from compliance with Rule G, subsection 3.2 be approved.

Recommendation:

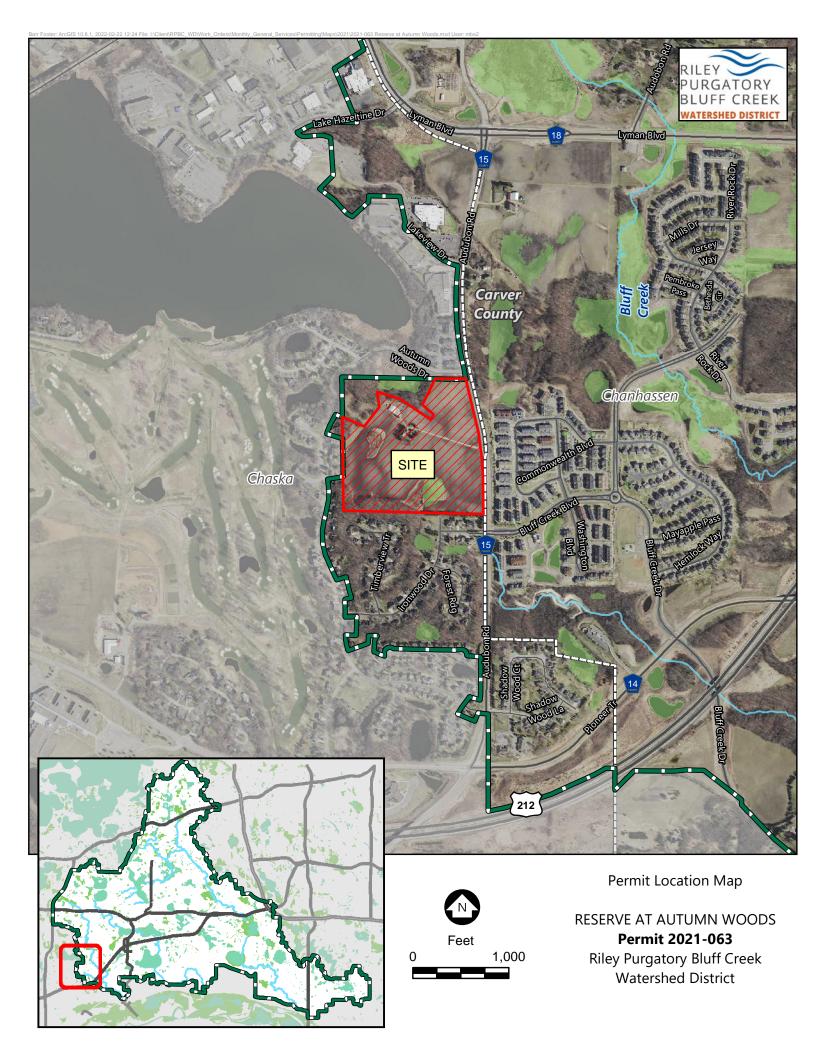
If the managers grant the variance and exception (with such conditions as the managers may impose), the engineer recommends approval of the permit for a 2 year term, contingent upon:

- 1. Financial Assurance in the amount of \$876,352.
- 2. Applicant providing the name and contact information of the individual responsible for erosion and sediment control at the site.
- 3. Receipt in recordation a maintenance declaration for the operation and maintenance all stormwater management facilities, buffers, and waterbody crossing. Drafts of all documents to be recorded must be approved by the District prior to recordation.
- 4. The applicant must replenish the permit fee deposit to the original amount due before the permit will be issued including the additional permit fee deposit of \$2,000 because the applicant requested a variance and an exception.

By accepting the permit, when issued, the applicant agrees to the following stipulations:

1. Continued compliance with General Requirements

- 2. Per Rule J Subsection 4.5, upon completion of the site work, the permittee must submit as-built drawings demonstrating that at the time of final stabilization, all the stormwater facilities conform to design specifications and function as intended and approved by the District. Asbuilt/record drawings must be signed by a professional engineer licensed in Minnesota and include, but not limited to:
 - a. the surveyed bottom elevations, water levels, and general topography of all facilities;
 - b. the size, type, and surveyed invert elevations of all stormwater facility inlets and outlets;
 - c. the surveyed elevations of all emergency overflows including stormwater facility, street, and other;
- 3. Providing the following additional close-out materials:
 - a. Documentation that disturbed pervious areas remaining pervious have been decompacted per Rule C.2c criteria
- 4. To close out the permit and release the \$5,000 in financial assurance held for the purpose of the chloride management, the permit applicant must provide a chloride management plan that designates the individual authorized to implement the chloride management plan and the MPCA-certified salt applicator engaged in implementing the plan at the site.
- 5. Replenish the permit fee deposit to the original amount or such lesser amount as the RPBCWD administrator determines sufficient within 45 days of receiving notice that such deposit is due in order to cover continued actual costs incurred to monitor compliance with permit conditions and the RPBCWD Rules.



РРЕПМИРЯ ИОТ ГОВ СОИЗТВИСТІОИ PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

RESERVE AT AUTUMN WOODS LENNAR

CONSTRUCTION PLANS

CHASKA, MINNESOTA



ISG PROJECT # 21-24984

SHEET INDEX TILE SHEET GENERAL INFORMATION OLIS, AND CONSTRUCTION NOTES TILLTY SCHEDULES

- TYPICAL STREET SECTIONS AND DETAILS TYPICAL DETAILS STREET SECTIONS AND DETAILS TOWN WAITER BASIN DETAILS THANKNOW WALL ENGE PANA NO DETAILS ONE PAIR (DYERALL)
 - STING SITE AND REMOVAL PLAN
- OVERAGE MAP

 OVERAGE MAP

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REPORT WAS PRELAMED THAT THA A DULY LICENSED
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PROJECT GENERAL NOTES

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- 7. ALL DISSMILAR METALS SHALL BE EFFECTIVELY BOLATED FROM EACH OTHER TO AVOID GALVANIC CORROSION.
- 2. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS SHALL BE ISSUED TO ALL SUSCOFFEACTORS BY THE DEBERAL CONTRACTOR IN COMPLETE SETS IN ORDER TO ACHEVE THE FULL EXTENT AND COMPLETE COORDINATION OF ALL WORK.

PROJECT NO. 21-24984

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DRAWN BY 388

BESIGNED BY 378

REVIEWED BY 478

ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE 010322

B.M. ELEVATION=954.44 TNFH SE INTERSECTION AUTUMN WOODS DR AND AUDUBON ROAD

ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL COMPLYWITH THE CITY OF CHASPA REQUEBENEYS AND HADOOT STANDARD SECFECTATORS FOR CONSTRUCTION, JOHE BITTON, AND THE STANDARD SPECE SECTIONS FOR SHALL WE SHALL STORM DEAN AND WATERMAN AS PROPOSED BY THE FITY BURNERS ASSOCIATION OF MENNESOTA 2013, NALESS DIRECTED

SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCE

MANAGING OFFICE:

| TITLE SHEET GENERAL NFORMATION | |
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PROJECT INDEX:

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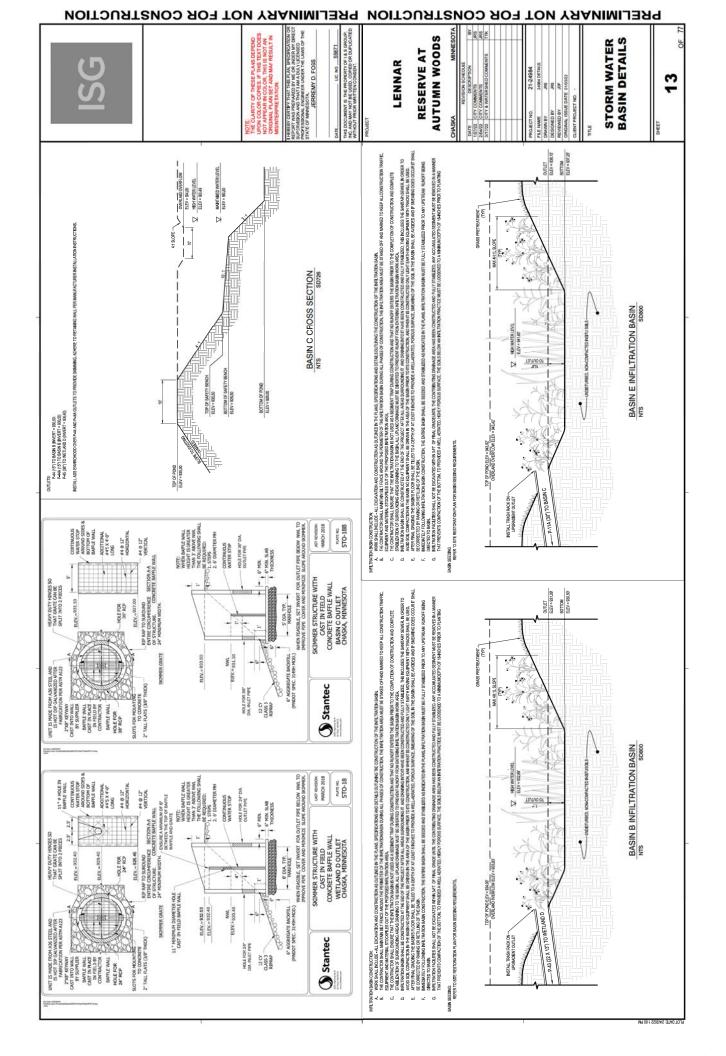
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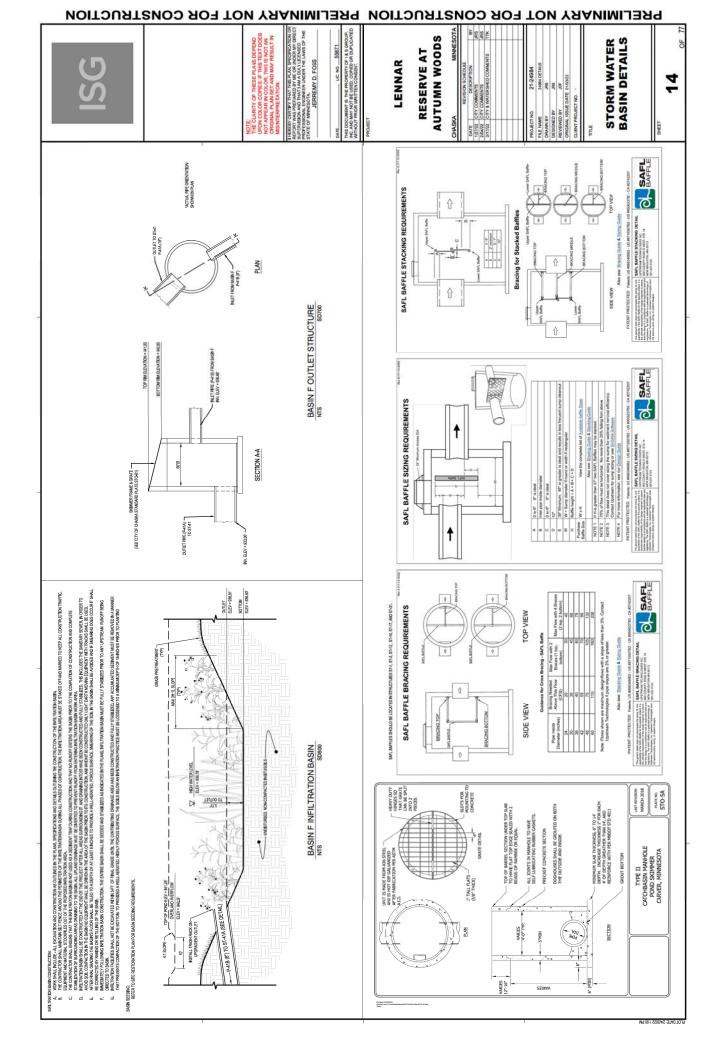
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| ADDRESS / LOCATION: | SECTION 27 / TWP. 116 / RGE. 23 | CARVER COUNTY MN | CHASKA, MINNESOTA |
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| BLOOMINGTON OFFICE 1900 INTERNATIONAL DRIVE SUITE SAMMENOUS, WIN 56425 PHONE: 952.426.6699 |
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PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

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LIC. NO. 55871

HEREBY CENTEY THAT THIS PLAN, DECEMBATION AND SECRETARY MAY LOS HORDER MY DIS SUPPRYSTRON AND THAT I AM A DULN LECTURED PROFESSIONAL ENGMERN UNDER THE LAWS OF 1 STATE OF MANESOTA.

JERREMY D. FOSS

JERREMY D. FOSS

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) NARRATIVE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION
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THE PROPERTY BACKS, DEVENANCE, SERVEN, SERVEN, AND UTLITE. THERE WILL ALSO BE SKY STORMWATER BACKS.
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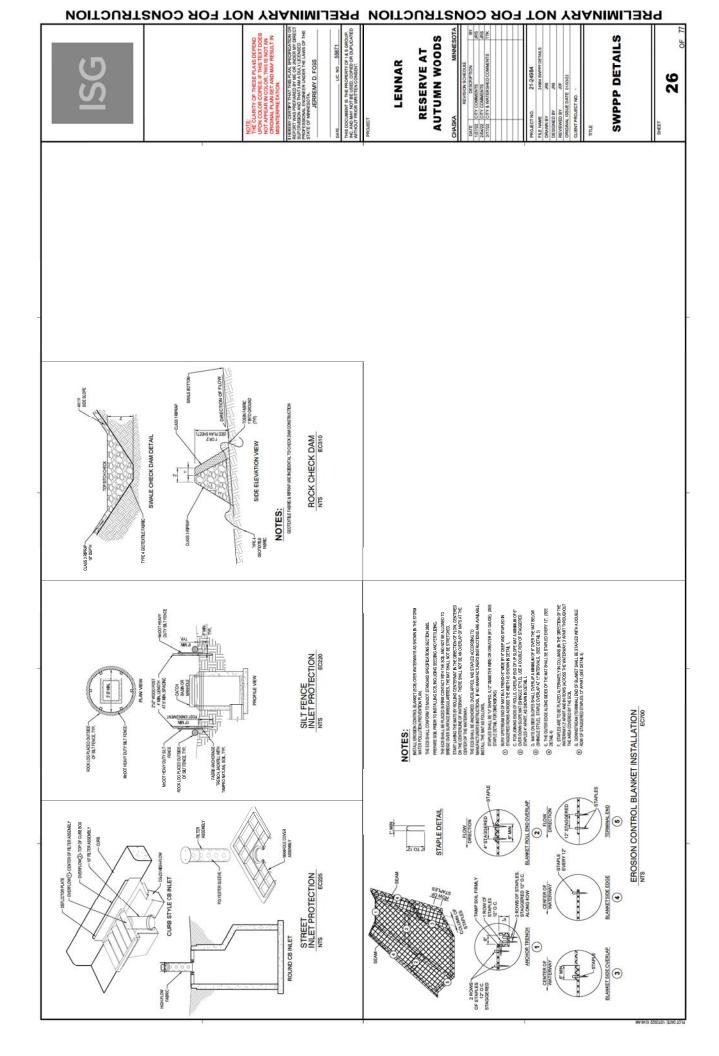
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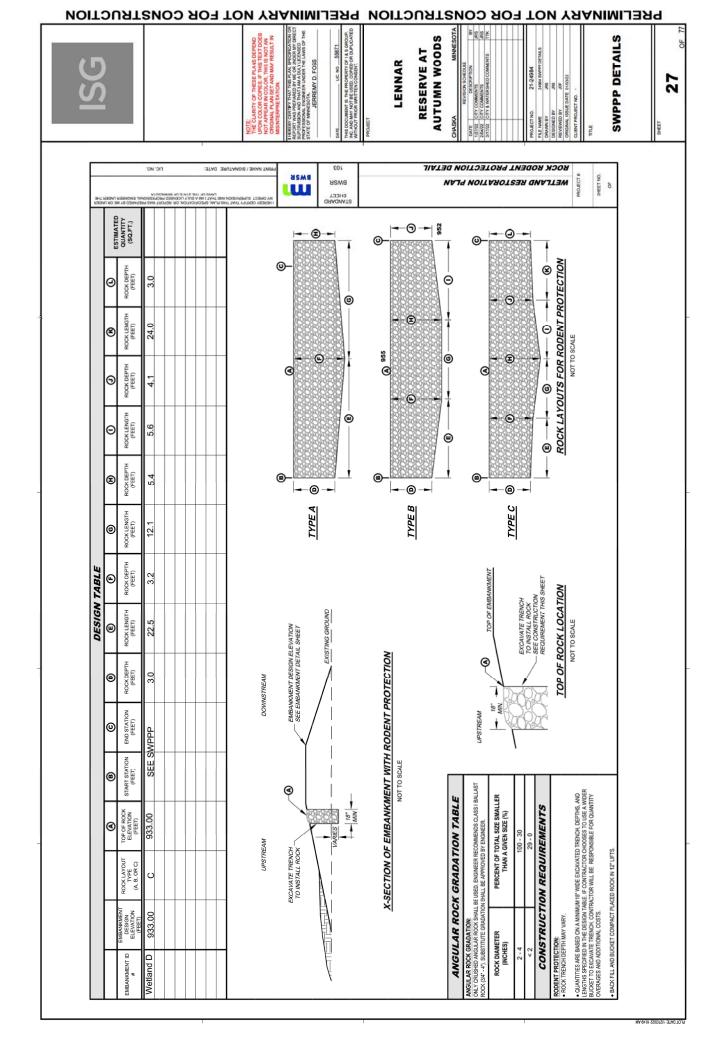
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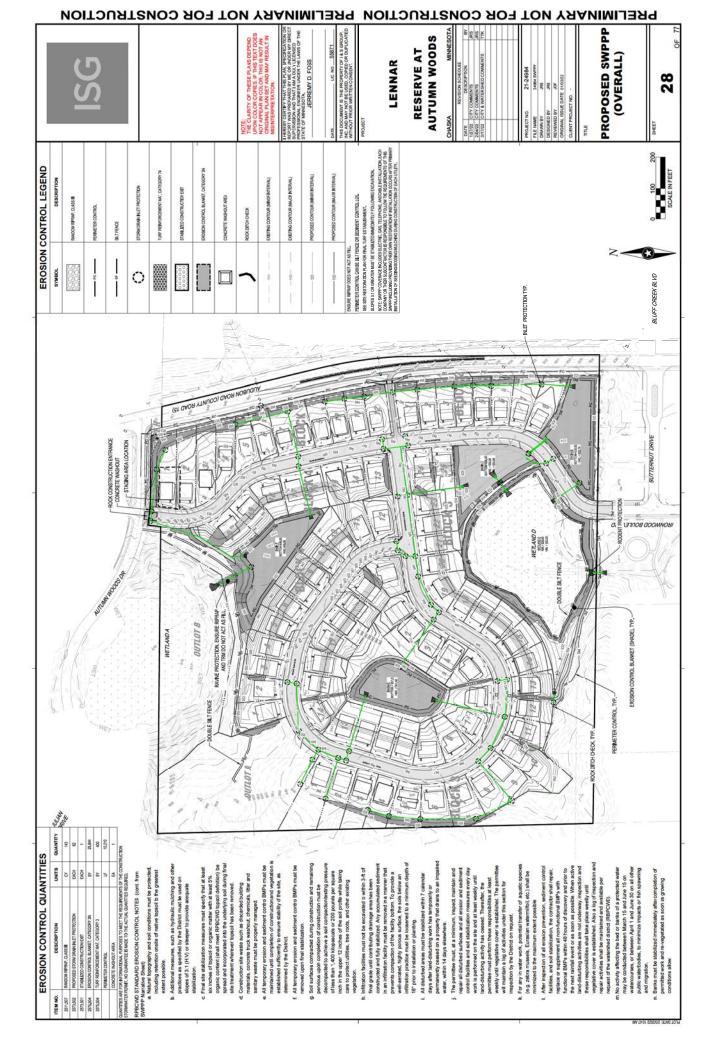
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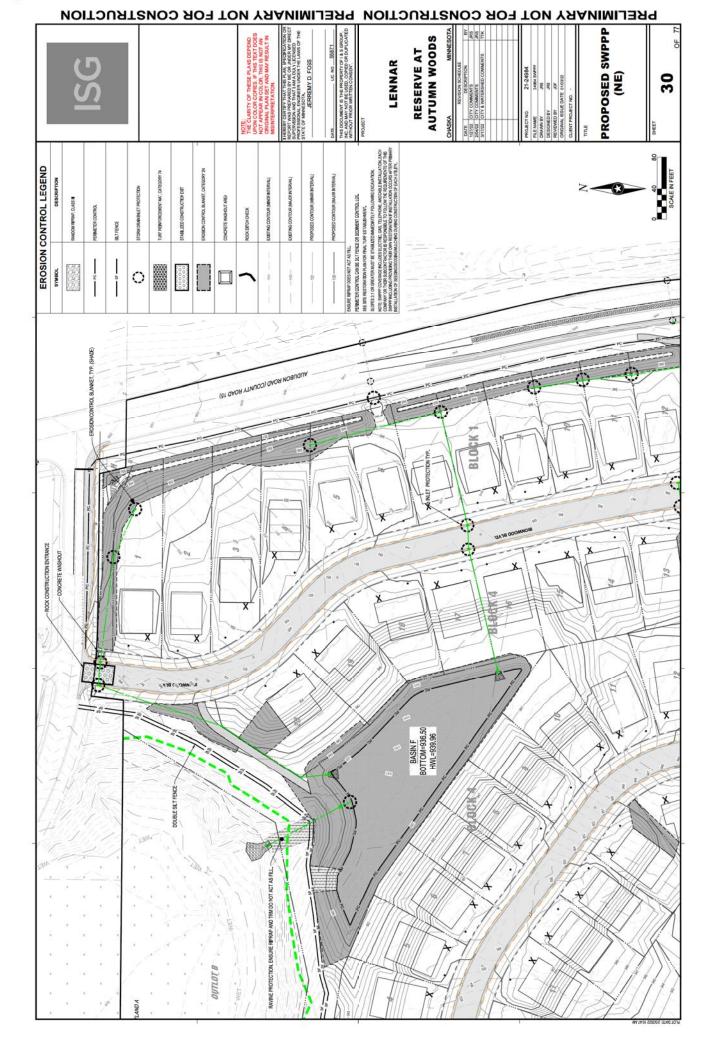
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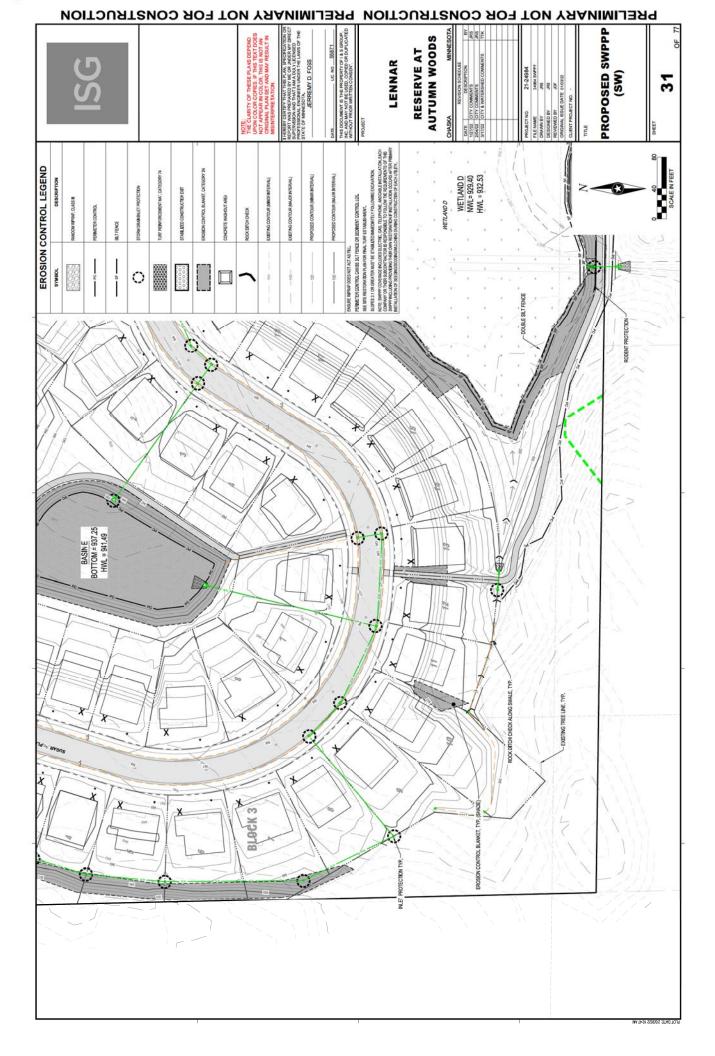


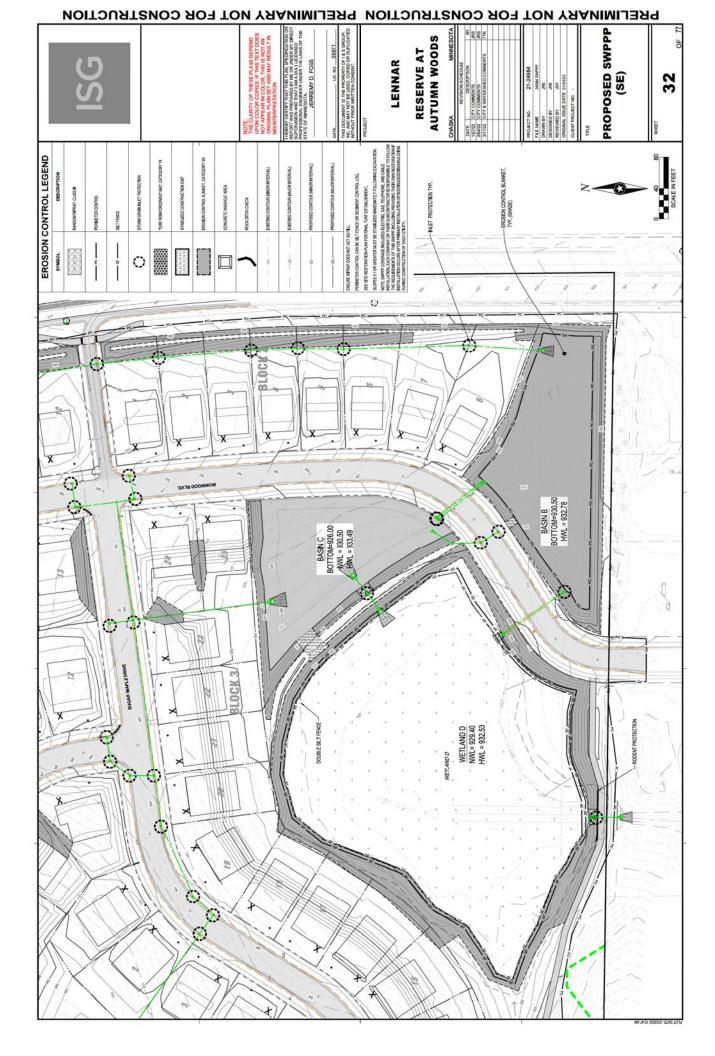






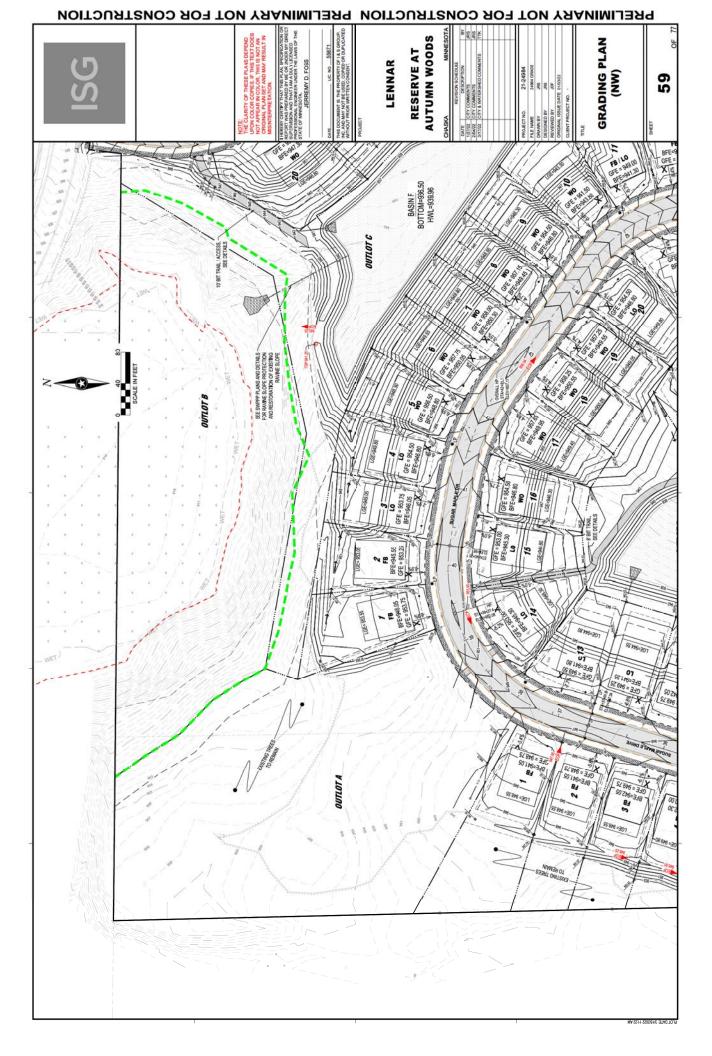


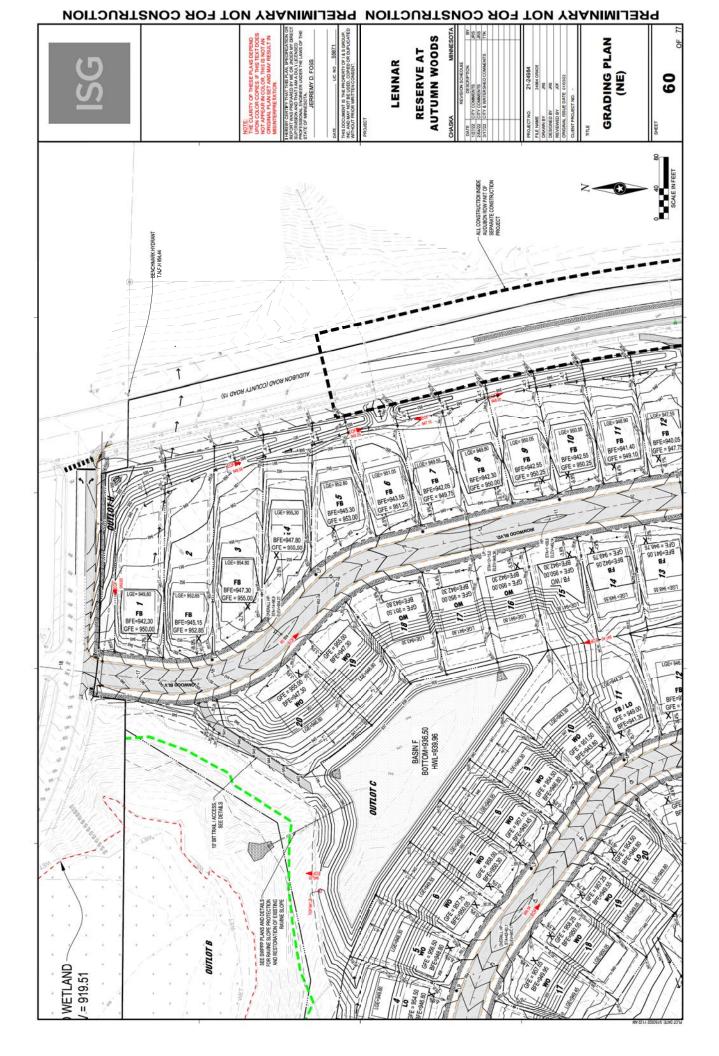


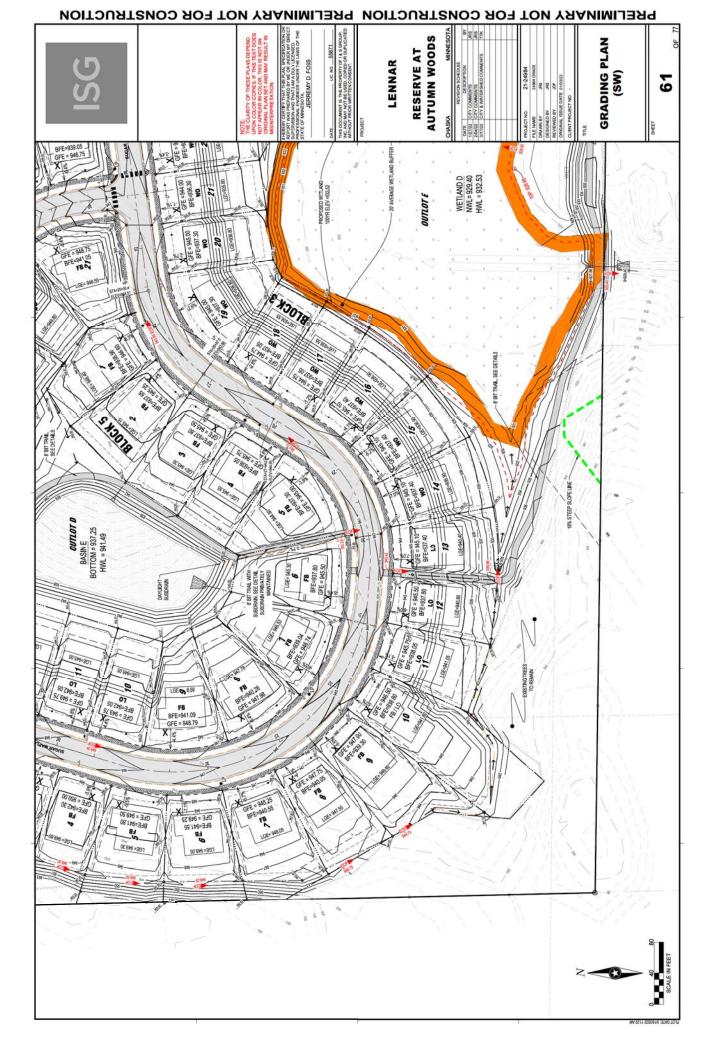


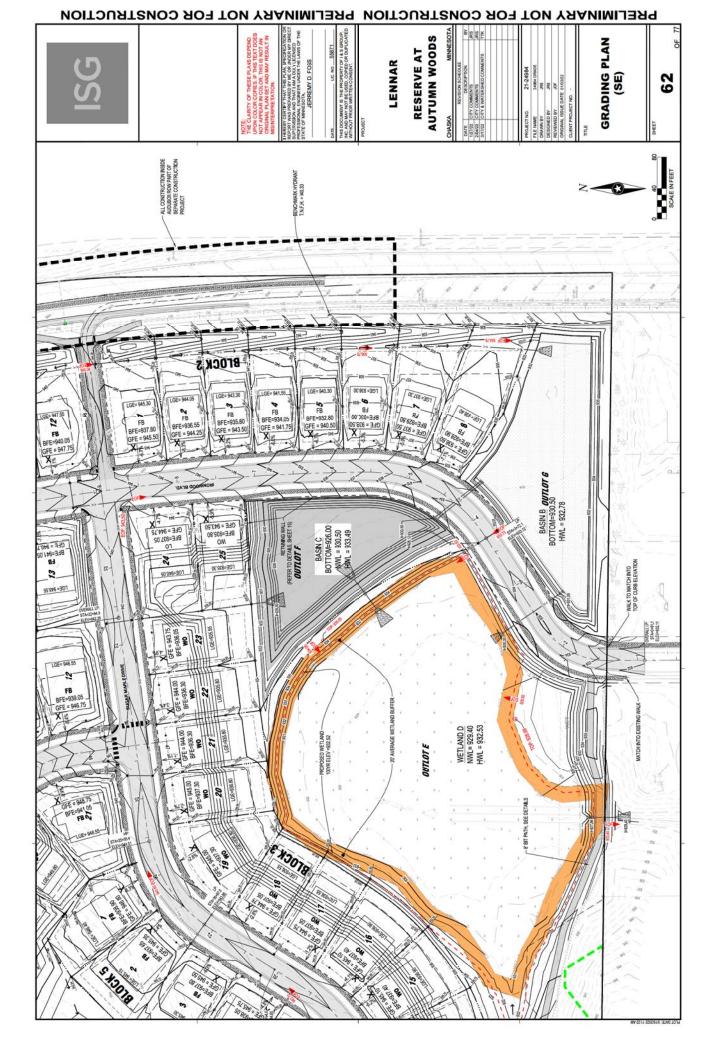
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PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION RESERVE AT AUTUMN WOODS GRADING PLAN (OVERALL) LENNAR 21-24984 24984 GRADE JRS JRS JCF 507 58 BFOCK 5 OUTLOTE MC-820 8MC-820 8MC-820 OUTLOTB 9 OUTLOTA STATE OFF









PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION WETLAND BUFFER AND SIGNAGE **AUTUMN WOODS RESERVE AT** JERREMY D. FOSS LENNAR 65 ALL BUFFER SIGNS TO BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ADJACENT GRADING ACTIVITY WETLAND B, C, E
IMPACTS WETLAND IMPACT AREA (\$2,558 SF / 1,20 AC) TYPICAL WETLAND BUFFER SIGN NF3 CLEAN WATER STARTS HERE WETLAND BLIFFER SICA, TO BE PLACED AT PROPERTY LINE OR BLIFFER EDGE (PER CREATED WETLAND (12,374 SF / 0,284 AC) POTENTIAL EXCESS WETLAND BUFFER AVERAGE BUFFER AREA NOT IN COMP BITS SF (10.014 AC) 30,116 SF / 0,69 AC WETLAND D WETLAND LEGEND METLAND BUFFER WETLAND BUFER SION TO BE PLACED AT PROPERTY UNC OR BUFER SCORE FOR PROPERTY UNCOR BUFER FOCUS FOR WATERSHED DETINATING DECEMBRAINS. POTENTIAL EXCESS WETLAND BUFFOR AREA (0SF / 0.00 AC) WETLAND IMPACT AREA (B SF 10,00 AC) REQUIRED AVIBAGE WETLAND BLIFFER (61,014 SF / 1.4) AC) / WITH STEEP S.OPE (M.015 SF / 1,0AC) 61014 SF / 1,40 AC WITH STEEP SLOPE (84,616 SF / WETLAND A BENCHMARK HYDRANT T.N.F.H. = 940,33 ROVIDED BUFFER AREA BENCHMARK HYDRANT T.N.F.H 954.44 WETLAND C INPACT: 2,639 SF BLOCK 2 2 12 01 00 BUTTERNUT DRIVE BOTTOM-IDLE NR. - IDLE NR. - IDLE 24 52 13 2 15 16 11 BLOCK 3 12 BUFFER 36 SF 20 ADDITIONAL WETLAND
BUFFER 8X2 SF MACHENISMS MACHESIS WETLAND WETLAND BUFFER 20 - 20'AVERAGE BUFFER WETLAND OUTTOT 8 74 BOTTON - BJZS NRL - MLAB 15 13 14 A 12 BLOCK 3 WETLAND B-SY MEDICE BUFFER - SE STEEPS GOPE - SE S 10 40' MINIMUM BUFFER DUTLOTA EXISTING -TREES TO REMAIN The state of the s

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION **AUTUMN WOODS** AND PLANTING PLAN RESTORATION RESERVE AT LENNAR 99 0 100 SCALE IN FEET 848 8 8 848 900T 8.88 888 8.68 848 888 SLEDITSIA TRIACANTHOS F, INERMI PHORNLESS HONEY LOCUST NESCULUS X'NUTUMN SPLENDOR NUTUMN SPLENDOR BUCKEYE BOTANICAL / COMMON NAM SETULA NICHA TOLLY TM PLANT SCHEDULE 000000000 CODE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY STREET TREES REQUIREMENTS

CHEOTOTION TREE ON BLOCK THE STREET FOR ENERY 90 FEET
OF CENTRAME.

THEES REQUIRED 1488

THEES REQUIRED 1488

THEES PROVINED 158 SOD REQUIRED IN RIGHT-OF-WAY AND IN FRONT YARDS, SOD TO BE PLACED BY BUILDER WITH HOME CONSTRUCTION SIGNIFICANT TREES:

(ZR2) TOTAL TREES

(46) PROPOSED REMOVALS, (7) OF WHICH ARE DEAD SCREEN REQUIREMENTS
BERM REQUIRED ALONG ARTENIALS AND COLLECTORS
MATERIAL TO PROVIDE A VISUAL SCREEN.

TREES PROVIDED FOR SCREENING: 78 EXISTING TREES:

(72) SURVEYED TREES MEETING ORDINANCE

(148) TOTAL PROPOSED REMOVALS RESTORATION SCHEDULE NOLL BOSSE è

| | | ני |) | | | | <u>,,,</u> | | | | 60 | NOT APPEAR IN COLOR, THIS IS NOT AN ORIGINAL PLAN SET AND MAY RESULT IN MISINTERPRETATION. | e ti | STATE OF MINESOTA. JERREMY D. FOSS | DATE: LIC. NO. 55871 | CATED | PROJECT | LENNAR | • | SO | 4 | DATE DESCRIPTION BY 167722 CITY COMMINTS RS 20472 CITY COMMINTS RS RS | | | PROJECT NO. 21-24984 FLE NAME 24984 OVERALL PROJECT NO. 2004 OVERALL PROJECT NO. 2014 OVERALL PROJECT NO. 2014 OVERALL PROJECT NO. 21-24984 | BY JRS BY JCF SSUE DATE 0103022 | | PLANTING AND | | | 67 OF 77 |
|----------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|-----------|--|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|---|-----------|------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--------------|----------|----------------|--|
| | SAZE ROOT | 6'HTMN B&B | 6'HTMN BAB | 6 HTMN B&B | 6.HTMN BAB | | 6 HTMN BAB | 6 HTMN BAB | SAZE ROOT | 25 CA. BAB | 2.5°CA, B&B | 25 CA. B&B | 25°CA. 848 | 25°CA. BAB | 25 CA. BAB | 25°CA. BAB | 25°CA 888 | 25°CA. 848 | 25°CK 868 | 25°CA. 848 | 23°CA. B&B | TN 25'CA 888 | 25°CA 888 | 25°CA. 848 | 25°CA. 888 | | Z | : < | ® | > | SCALE IN FEET |
| HEDULE | GIY BOTANCAL I COMMON NAME | 8 ARES CONCOLOR WHITE FIR | 14 ABES FRACES FRACES | H PICEA GLAUCA DENSATA IN ACK HILLS SIDRI ICE | 17 PINJS MGRA | ALISTRAN PINE | 14 PWJS RESNOSA RED PINE | 13 THUM OCCIENTALS TECHNY TECHNY ARBORNTAE | OTY BOTANCEL (COMMON NAME | 17 AZER X FREEMANI FREFALL' FREFALL MAPLE | 15 AESCALUS X AUTUMN SPLENDOR AUTUMN SPLENDOR BUCKEYE | 17 BEFLLANGRAYOULY TA HENTIAGE RIVEN BIRCH | 11 CATALPA SPECIOSA NORTHEIN CATALPA | 16 | b | 2 | 8 | 4 | 12 QUERCUS BICOLOR SWAMP WHITE GAK | | 15 | 12 | 4 | 8 | R | | | | | | |
| PLANT SCHEDULE | EVERGREN TREES | (2) | (1) | (1) | 6 |) | 3 | | OVERSTORY TREES | (1) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (5) | (3) | (¥) | (3) | (a) | ** | () | (3) | 100 | (% |) (9 | | one as | | | | | |
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| | | | Wei | | | NETLAND | | The surior | | | ounox ounox | | | | | | | THE THE PARTY OF T | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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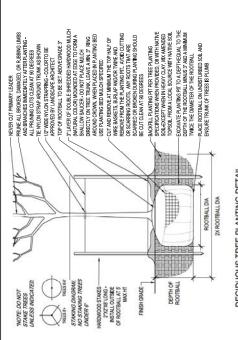
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RESERVE AT LENNAR

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATI REPORT WAS PREPARED BY WE GO ILLIDORS MY SUPPINSION AND THAT I AM ADULY ICENSED PROFESSIONAL BINDERS THE LAWS OF STATE OF MANESOTIS.

JERREMY D. FOSS



DECIDIOUS TREE PLANTING DETAIL

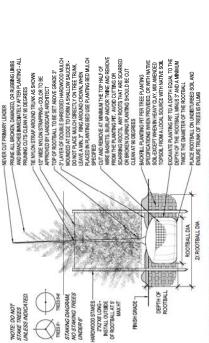
GENERAL PLANTING NOTES

- COCROMENTE LOCATION & ALL UTHING THESE, DUCKTS, CONTINGS, SEED, WITH LOCATIONS OF PROPOSED LOCKOCKWART ELOCATIONS OF PROPOSED LANGESCHE TELEMENTS, CONTINGTOR SHALL REPORT ANY TISK-DISPANCES TO OWNERSY REPRESENTATIVE FRIEND TO WORK, SAVE AND PROFITCE ALL CONSTITUTION RESIDES AND MITERIAL SHADONED. TO SEE AND THE TO THE SAVE THE SHADONED TO SEAL CONSTITUTION RESIDES AND MITERIALS NAURODIS TO PLANT SROWTH FROW FLANTING PITS AND BEINS PROPERTY.

- ANY REBAS UNTINE THE LIMIT OF WORK THAT ARE DISTURBED SHALL BE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CONCINTON AT NOADDITIONAL COST TO OWNEY.
- LAWA AREA SHALL HAVE & MANUAN DETHI OF TOPSOL, OR ORGANIC MATTER SYREJO. AND INCORPORATED INTO THE INVERLING LOUNG FINAL SHIT FERMAN THIN TREMESTOR TO YORSH, IN ABER REMOUED, TOSAN, SALLE BCO, MACHETID TOSS, WAXBUAN DENSITY AT PHINM MISTING CONTRIFT AND SHALL METH WITERSEND ISFINITIST (REWOWD) (TOSSUL DEFINITION.
- REFER TO PANTING DETAILS PLANFOR AMENCES SOL GEPTH IN PLANTING EEDS AND SIRROUNDING TREES.
 RELO STRAFFLANTINGS COCOGNING TO PLAN OWNERS REPRESENTATINE SHALL APPROJECT LE PANTICOCATIONS PRIKE TO
 INSTALLATING COMER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REMEE PANTING LAYOUT IT TIME OF INSTALLATION.
- ALI PLANT INTERNAS SHALL BE TRUE TO THER SCIENTIFIC MAKE AND SEEAS INDICATED IN THE PLANT SCHEDULE.
 SCHEDULE, THE RATHER THE NUMBER OF PLANTS DRAWN ON THE PLANTING PLAN AND THE NUMBER OF PLANTS IN THE SCHEDULE, THE PLANTING PLANTS HAND SHALL SCHEDULE, THE ANTIMING PLANT SHALL GOVERN.
- OWNER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REVISE QUANTITIES TO SUIT BUDGET LIMITATIONS, CONTRACTOR'S LIMIT BID PRICES SHALL PREVAIL FOR ANY CHANGES IN QUANTITIES. any proposed substitutions of Plant Species Shall be made with Plants of Equivalent overall form, Height. Branching Habit, Flower, Leaf, Color, Fruit and Culture, and Only After Written Approval of the Owners 7. 9. 9. 1.
- REPRESENTED AND OWNER.

 LEAD AND MICROAL SALKS CONFIGER TO MEREDAN STANDARDS FOR MISSER'S STOCK, MASS, LIATES TETTON PREISHED BY
 THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MISSERS WAS MASHINGTON DO. LAGGER SEED PLANT IMPERIALS OF THE SPECIES LISTED MAY BE
 USED FIRESOCK CONFORMS TO MASH. 12

 - ALL PLATI INTERLI, SHALL BE GUARANTEED TO BE IN ALIAE, AND HEALTHY GROUNING CONDITION FOR ONE FILL GROWNG SEASON (ONE FERBLI, DATE). THE SAME GROUE, AND STREET AND STATE THE SHALL STREET SHALL AND STATE AND STATES. ALL TREES BLATING AND STATES. ALT TREES SHALL HAVE, A STRONG CENTRAL LEADER. THEN TREES ROVIDE GOUBLE SHREDDED HANDWOOD MULCH RING (NATURAL COLOR) AT 3' DEPTH PER PLANTING DETAILS. ALL TURE ARES BITCHERED BY CONSTRUCTING SHALL IES SOODED OF SEEDED PER PLANS.



HARDWOOD STAKES – ZYZYS' LONG - INSTALL OUTSIDE OF ROOTBALL AT 5 MAX HT

FINISH GRADE

CONIFER / EVERGREEN TREE PLANTING DETAIL SCALE 1"= 1:0

PLANTING NOTES **AUTUMN WOODS**

AND DETAILS

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AUDOBON ROAD

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Weds dependications: Site reduction half be conducted prior to site preparation to elemente the undestrable and non-native species of trees, strikes, when, and herboscous plants on site. This site evaluation will either be done by the Contention of the Members, Cingrees is Representative.

Wweet Endications: All estiming undestriable and non-native plant vegetation should be killed and/or removed from the site with multiple herbicide applications. Common weed species found in wetlands include Read Canary Grass, non-traine Phragaptics, and Cattalis. 3

Herbidde Selection: In rigarian or wetland areas, watersafe herbiddes approved for use near water must be used. Pre-emengment includes shinch for the used. For more detailed guidance on herbidde selection, see Appendix 56 of the BYSIX harmests wetlant Restoration Guide.

Herbicide Application. All herbicides should be applied in accordance with state and federal regulations and making facture is returnable. Setholder as bound not be applied during or without 27 haus of a sine-entro unknown who webcides expedit 5 miles set hour, (leally 3 herbicide applications would be conducted in spring summer, and fall what sets four, (leally 3 herbicide applications would be conducted in spring summer, and fall what seesafing occurring in easily writter. This ideal schedule may need to be adapted to align with the construction fineline. oi

All restoration areas should be free of any rocks, crop residue, trash, or debris. Mow or harvest oats if used as temporary erosion control.

Construction and goaling activities can compact the soil. Prior to seeding, any compacted areas must be prepared to provide a soos, amont, every fearured seadored. A four seeding sit on the an audit footight risks into the soil assout with vs. In the seedings to see the seedings to see that an audit footight risks into the soil assout visit. We seedings to compacted, discribe in recommended for sope, operate quipment at right and we will be a formed to discribe the seedings of the seedings N

Discing may need to be followed by rolling or cultipacking to firm the seedbed. If the seedbed is too loose and fluffy, seeds will be placed too deep for proper germination.

WETLAND SEEDING

Seeding will only be conducted after all grading, construction, and site preparation activities are completed. The
Contractor must wait 5 ang after gaplings that a policitation to send rather species. If their herbicides have been used on
site, consult in manufacturer's recommendation for self re-entry period prior to sending. Some herbicides can stay in
the self for months and hinder the germination of native plants.

2. Seeding should be conducted by hand broadcasting, mechanical broadcasting, or drilling.

The Contractor is responsible for calibrating equipment to deliver seed at the specified rate and to operate equipment
in a manner necessary to evenly distribute the seeds over the specified area at the specified rate.

4. Seeded areas may have one pass with a roller or cultipacker to firm the soil and ensure good seed-to-soil contact.

If necessary, plant a cover crop and/or apply Type 3 weed-free straw much for temporary erosion control. Use Oats as a cover crop in spring and summer; use Winter Wheat as a cover crop in fall. Do not apply fertilizors in the areas seeded with native grasses and wildflowers.
 If necessary, plant a cover crop and/or apply Type 3 weed-free straw mulch for te

Taligrass Aspen Parklands, Prairie Parkland, and Eastern Broadleaf Forest Provinces. MnDOT Districts 2(west), 3B, 4, Metro, 6, 7 & 8. Avena sativa
Total Cover Crop
Totals: Solidago gigantea Synphyetrichum fanceolatum Synphyetrichum puniceum Thalictrum dasycarpum Vertena hasteb Total Grasses Scipus cyperings
Total Sedges and Rushes Ascieglas incenata
Eugatorium perfoliatum
Euthamia gramnifolia
Eutochium masulatum
Helinimus autumnale
Helinimus grosseseratus
Lichain spiralistis Total Forbs We meadow / Sedge meadow ecdogical restoration projects Pycnanthemum virginianum Elymus virginicus
Leersia oryzoidas
Glypenia grandis
Glypenia striata
Poe palustris Scientific Name Veranicastrum Zizia aurea Marsh Mikweed Common Boneset Grass-leaved Goldenrod Spotted Joe Pye Weed Sneezewed Sanearen Sawonin Burlinear Sawonin Burlinear Great Bus Lobelia Bus Morroy Flower Great Bus Lobelia Morriam Morro Galant Goldenrod Flestermed Aster Tal Medoby Rue Sanearen Sa Bristly Sedge
Pointed Broom Sedge
Anvirtuited Sedge
Tussock Sedge
Fox Sedge
Path Rule
Path Rule
Path Rule
Woolgrass Fringed Brome
Bluejoint Grass
Virginia Wild Rye
Rice Cut Grass
Tall Manna Grass
Fowl Manna Grass
Fowl Bluegrass Common Name Planting Area:

VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT

I. During the first growing season after jointing all seaded areas must be legst mowed to the extert possible it helps control weed growth. Blow surringful to penetrate to the soil surface, and encourage not development on the halve potentials. Wet areas should be moved along with the upland and buffer eness, innever, the equipment is fall and clause that of company the west soft some steen may be too west to allow moving without causing that or companion which as it is allowaged by the prompt the areas of the properties.

Mow to a height of 6-8 inches whenever the vegetation reaches 10-12 inches tall, approximately once every 1.4 weeks depending on the rate of vegetation growth.

Use of a fluil mover or stalk chapper to prevent snothering of native plant seedings. If a fail mover or stalk chapper is not available, the vegitation must be heyel/bagged and removed from the site, or moving must be frequenteriough to netwee or usefulation is small enough to compost itself back into the site without creating a thick much and negatively effecting the native plant seedlings.

Spot-treat weeds such as Reed Canary Grass and Canada Thistle with an appropriate herbicide.

LONG-TERM MANAGEMENT

1. Now to a height of 6-8 inches up to two times in the spring and early summer to help control weed growth.

2. Spot-treat aggressive perennial weeds such as Reed Canary Grass and Canada Thistle with an appropriate herbiode. YEAR 3 + BEYOID

 Petrodically monitor wettland for weeds and hydrological issues at least once per year. Healthy stands of nable
wegetation are important to provide without bailtat, explain multient until an ordinal and reduce pack of surging
precipitation events, it is important to resure the regardion is sufficiently established, maintains diversity levels, and is out-competing invasive species. On site to been volories are more season to soot problems and get them resolved as soon. as possible.

Spot-treat weeds such as Reed Canary Grass and Canada Thistle with an appropriate herbicide.
 Consider periodic disturbance such as prescribed fire, moving, or grazing once every 3-5 years. It

Consider periodic disturbance such as prescribed fre, mowing, or grazing once every 35 years. By necessity, seine amount of feaching as exected when managing velend archadiorios. Congreges in management strategies and triming are defen enecessary to next to during one properted project conditions, whether triey are due to netral oriconstances or managing exportations, Adaptive management solutions tailored to site observations are encouraged.

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JERREMY D. FOSS

JERREMY D. FOSS 55871 RESERVE AT LENNAR

AND PLANTING RESTORATION PROJECT NO. 21-24884

FLE NAME 2-894 WETLAND REST
DGAWN BY 3-85
DGSUAGO BY 3-85
DRSUAGO BY 3-8 (WETLAND D) REVISION SCHEDULE
DESCRIPTION
CONTROL
CITY COMMENTS
CITY COMMENTS
CITY A WATERSHED COMMEN PLAN

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